

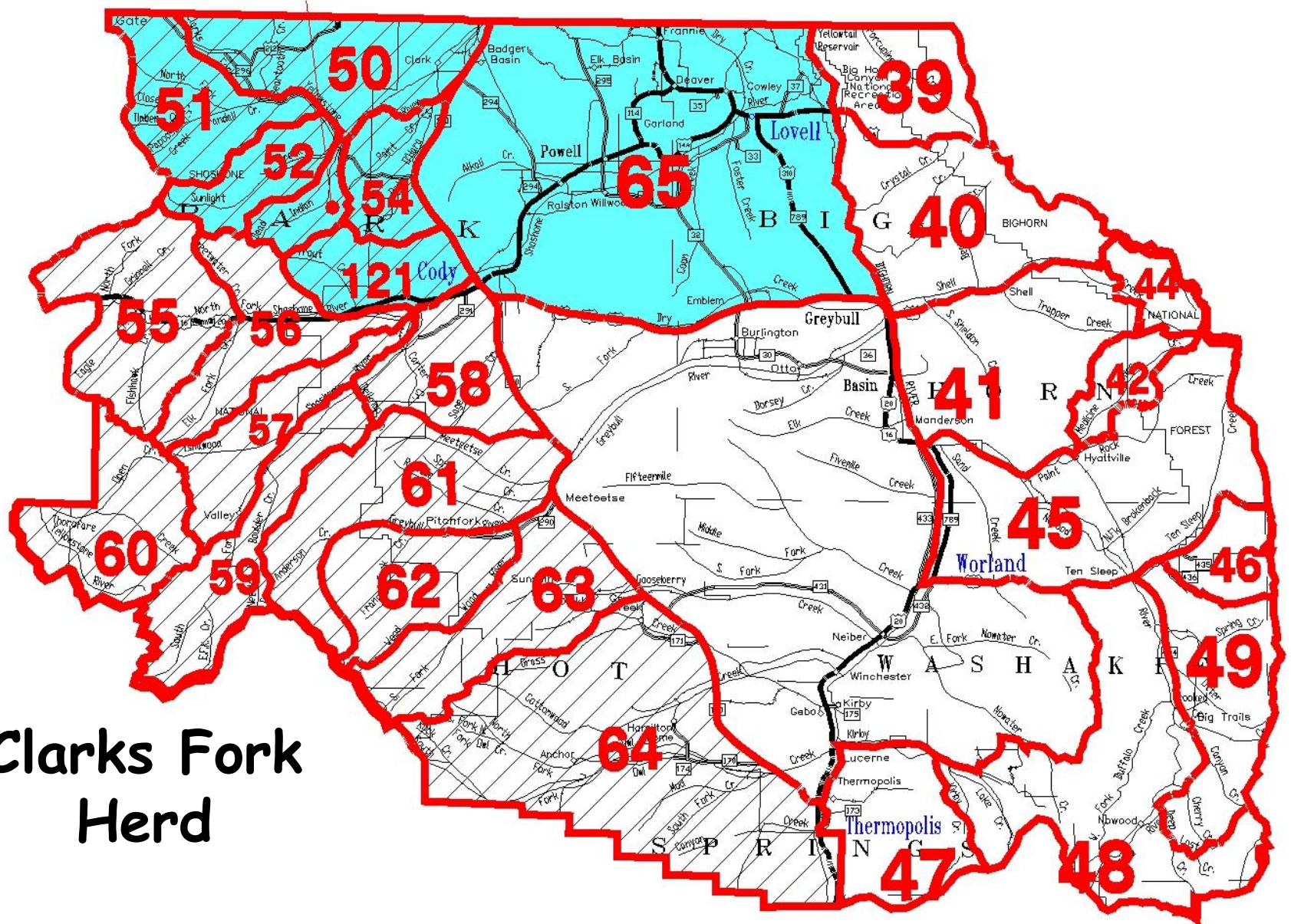


**Sunlight  
Crandall  
Elk  
Working  
Group**

Scott Copeland © 2004

# Elk Hunt Areas Cody Region

53



Clarks Fork  
Herd

# Trend Counts

**January-February with variable frequency**

**Consistently surveyed through time**

**Obtain Total Count (minimum)**



# Classification Surveys

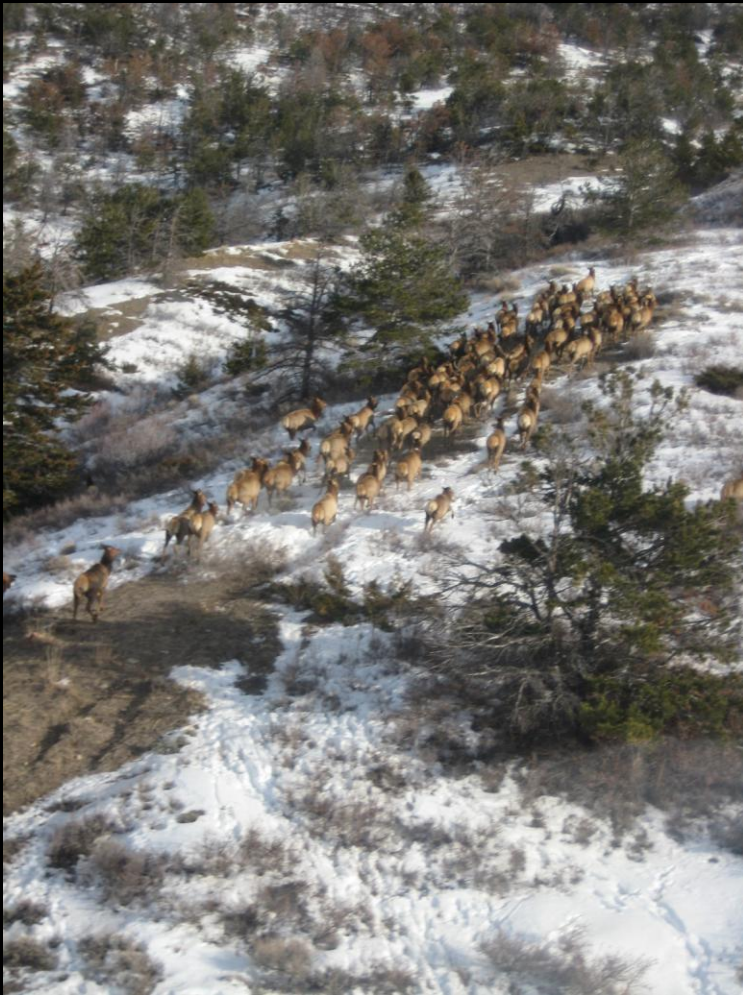
**January-February each year  
Samples**

**Obtain Ratios**

**Calves:100 Cows**

**Yrlg Bulls:100 Cows**

**Mature Bulls:100 Cows**



# Hunter Checks

**Composition of harvest**

**% yearlings, etc**

**Gather age data**

**Gauge hunter success**

**Assess hunter attitudes and perceptions**

**Check compliance**



# Harvest Survey

Total Harvest

Harvest Composition

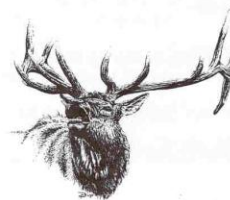
Bulls, Cows, Calves

Harvest by License Type

General, Type 1, Type 9

Hunter Success

Hunter Effort



## 2008 WYOMING ELK HUNTER SURVEY

If you prefer to fill out the survey on the Internet ([www.wyhunter.org/elk](http://www.wyhunter.org/elk)), please use the 8-digit password on the back of this survey.

If you have questions about the survey or prefer to complete it over the phone, please contact Steve Drake at 1-800-216-0477 or e-mail: [steve.drake@paconsulting.com](mailto:steve.drake@paconsulting.com)

Please complete this survey after you have finished hunting or decided not to hunt Elk for the season.

Q1. Did you hunt Elk in Wyoming during the 2008 season? (Check one box)

Yes  No (IF YOU DID NOT HUNT ELK DURING THE 2008 SEASON, SKIP TO Q15)

Q2. How many different days did you hunt Elk in Wyoming during the 2008 season? (NOTE: Count each partial day of hunting as 1 day of Elk hunting) (Enter number in space below)

Number of different days

Q3. Please indicate your satisfaction when hunting Elk in Wyoming during the 2008 season. (Check one box for each question below)

	Very Satisfied	Satisfied	Neutral	Dissatisfied	Very Dissatisfied	Not Applicable
How satisfied were you with the overall quality of your hunt.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
If you were contacted by WY Game and Fish personnel while you were in the field, rate your experience.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Q4. What was the PRIMARY weapon you used to hunt Elk in Wyoming during the 2008 season? (This would be the weapon you used the most amount of time to hunt Elk and may or may not be the weapon you actually used to harvest an Elk) (Check one box only)

Rifle or Pistol  Muzzleloader  Archery (Skip to Q6)

Q5. Did you hunt Elk with archery equipment in Wyoming during the 2008 season? (Check one box)

Yes  No (Skip to Q8)

**Attitudes and Perceptions  
of Elk Hunters  
Wyoming, 1989**

**G. Fred Doll • Terry S. Haven • Thelma H. Quasdorf**  
**Institute for Policy Research • University of Wyoming • Laramie, Wyoming**  
May 1989

# **Attitude Surveys**

**Conducted Periodically**

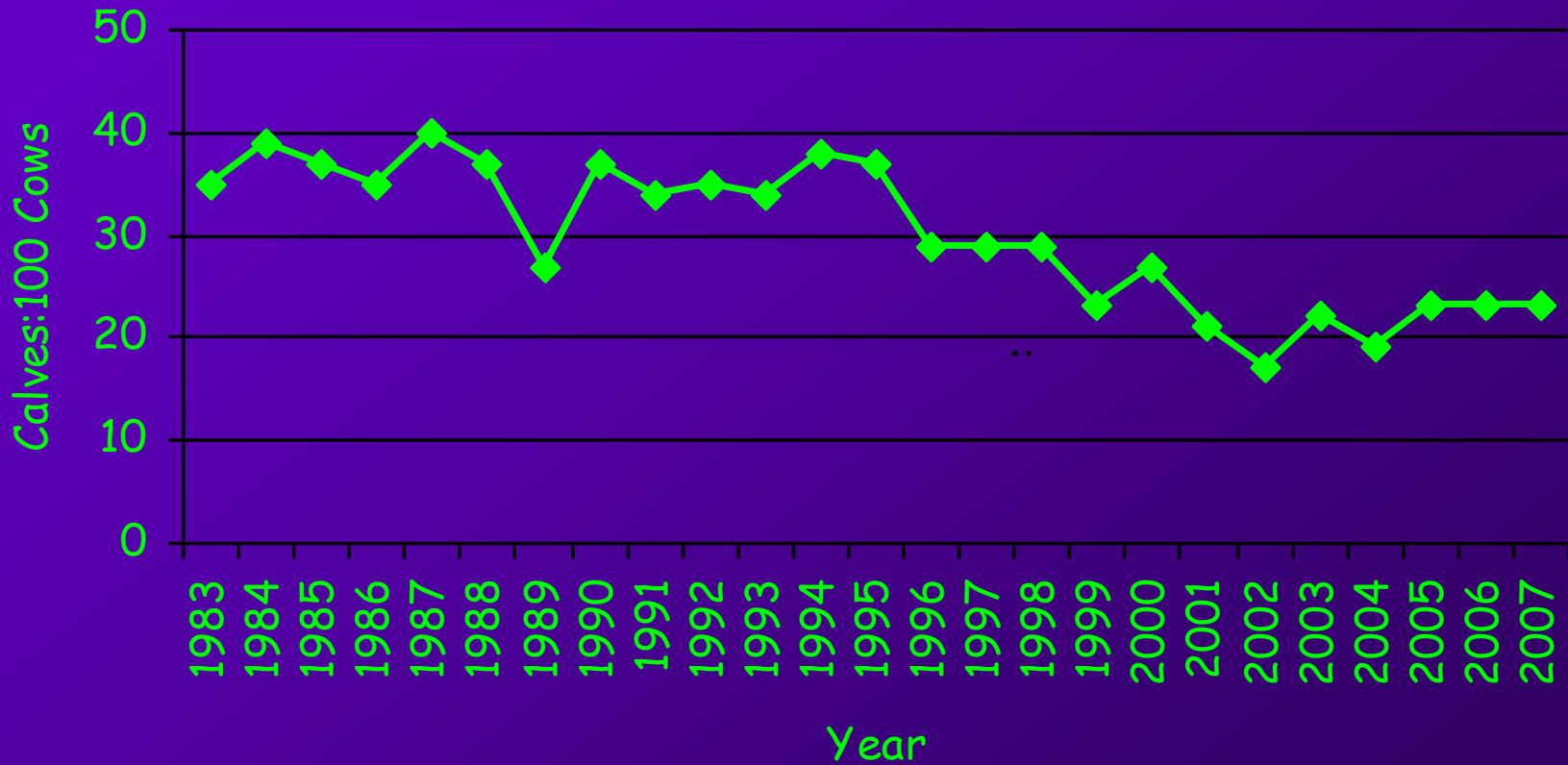
**Assess Satisfaction**

**Views on Management,  
rules, and regulations**

**Trophy Management  
Attitudes**

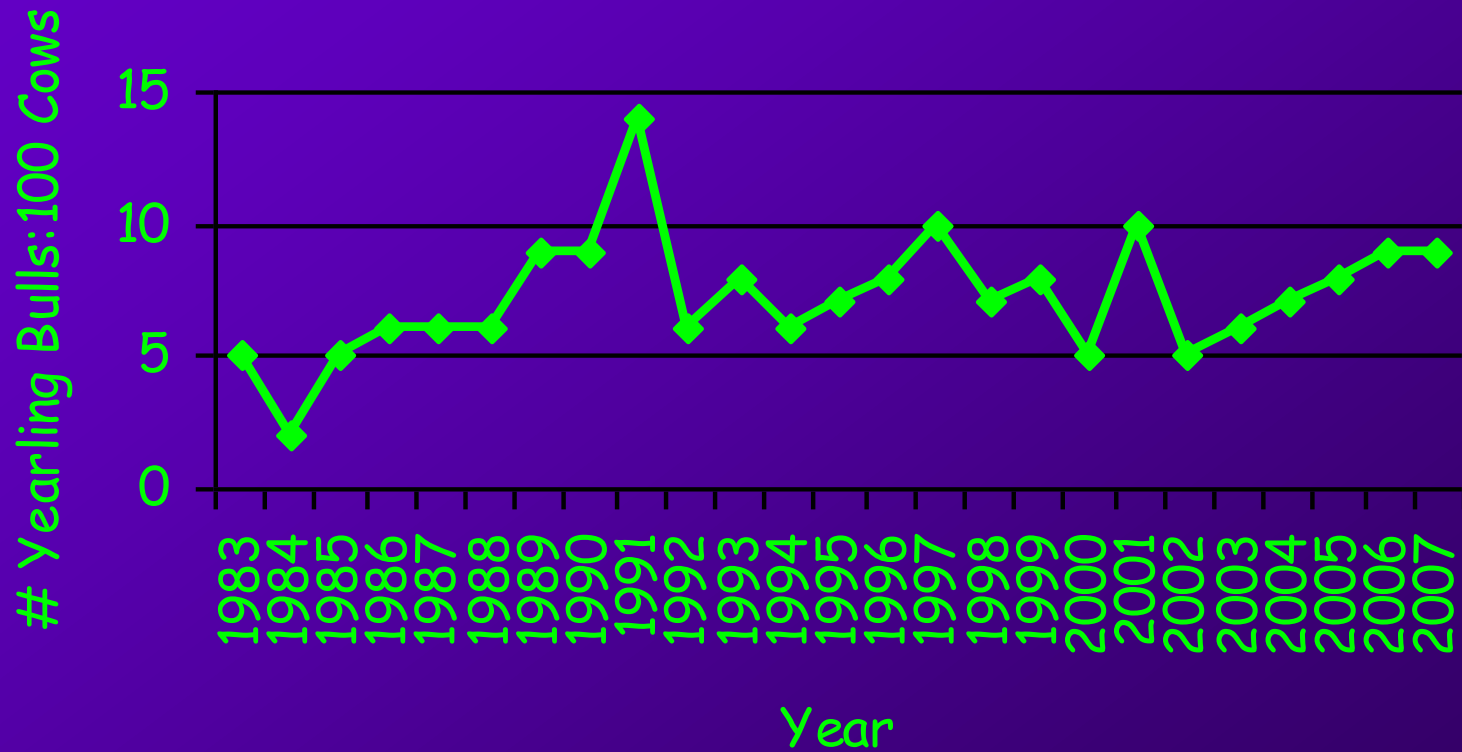
**Special Issue Responses**

# Clarks Fork Elk Calf: Cow Ratios

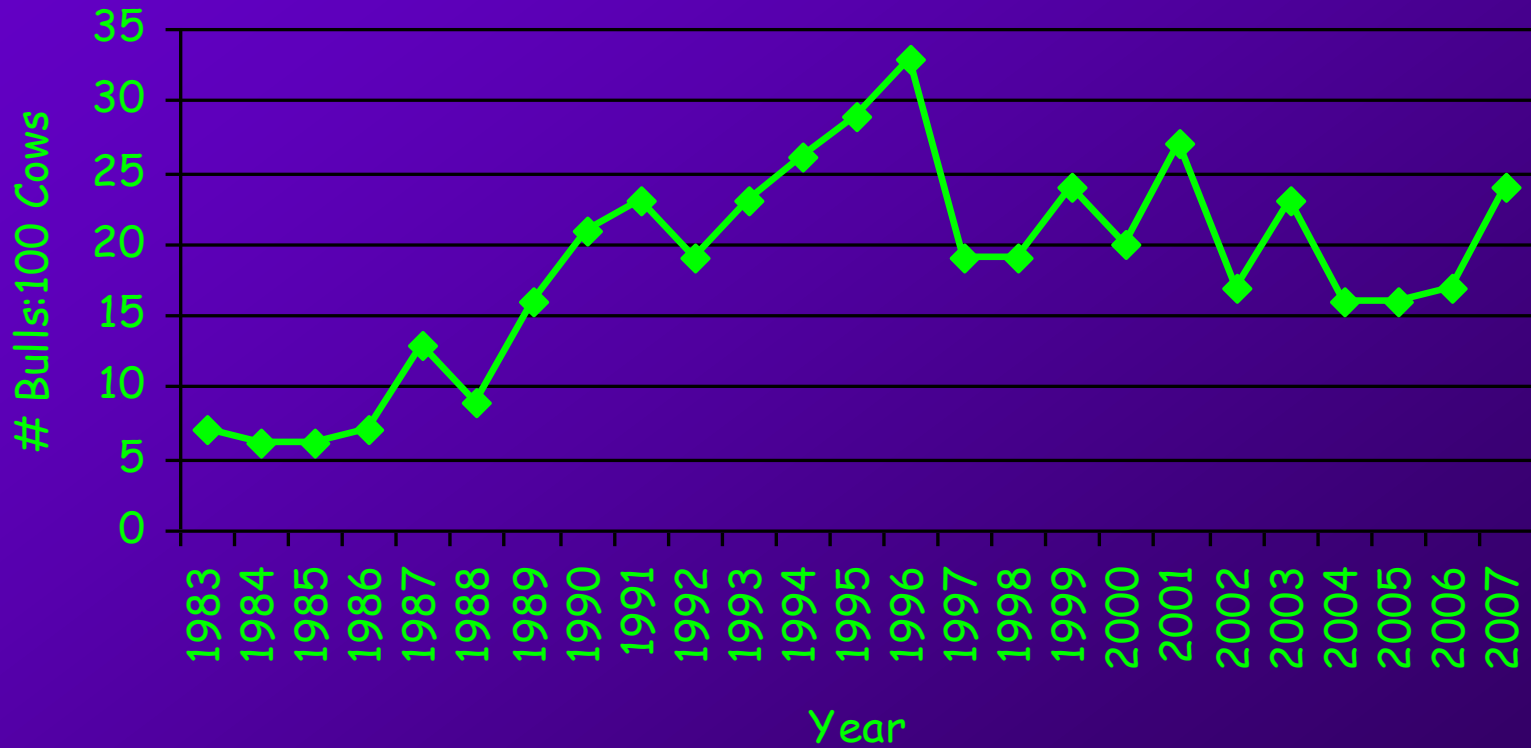




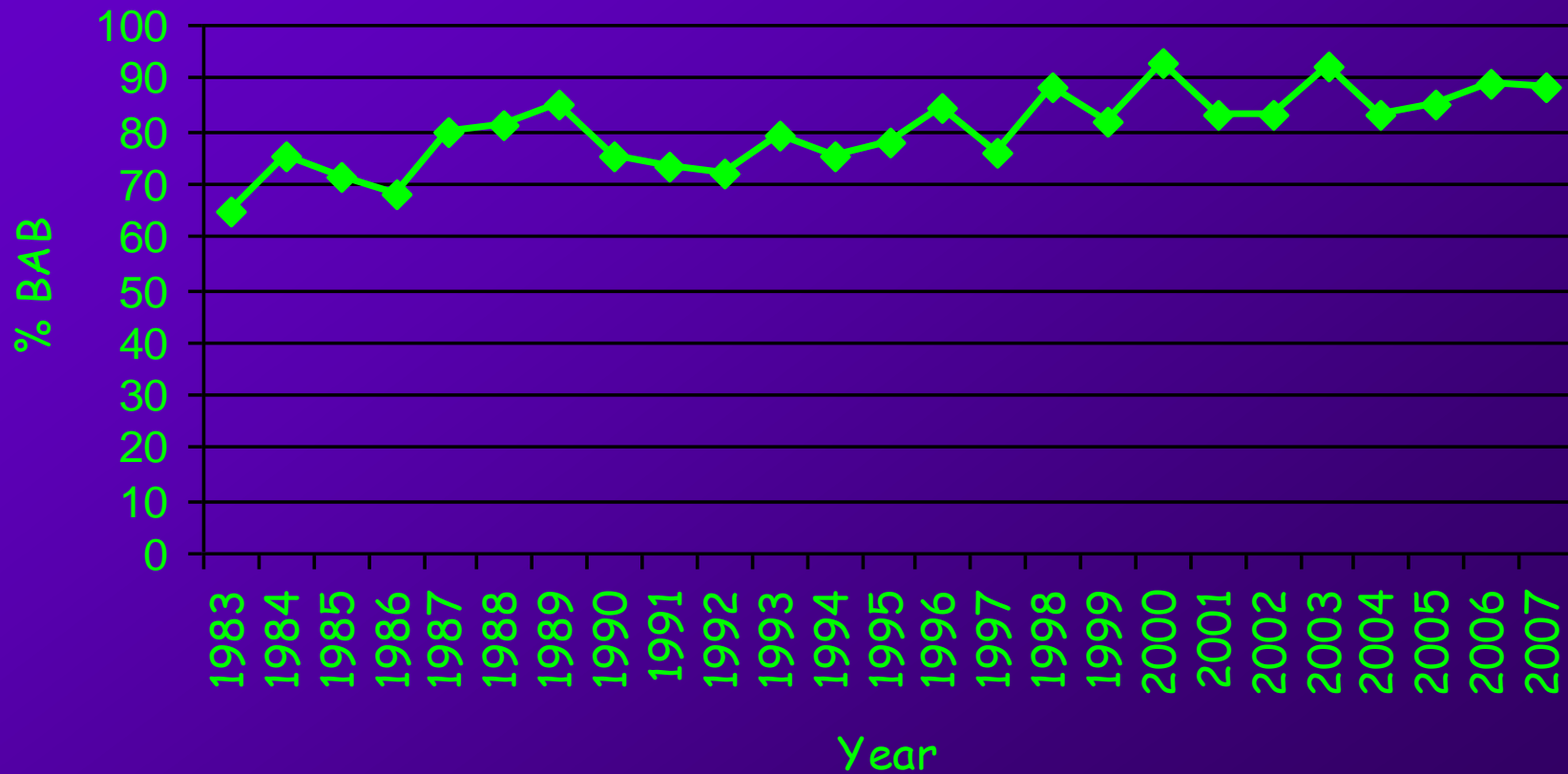
# Clarks Fork Elk Yearling Bull: Cow Ratios



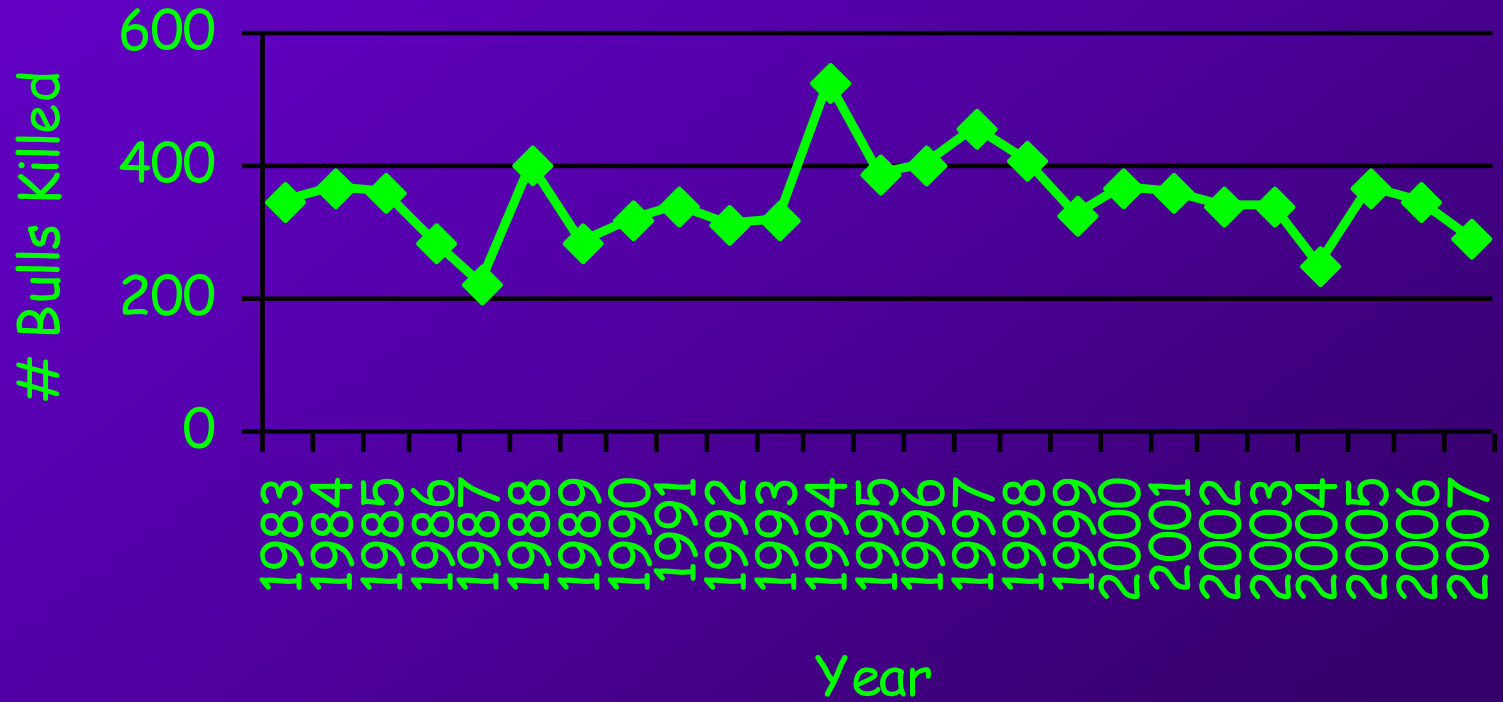
# Clarks Fork Elk Bull:Cow Ratios



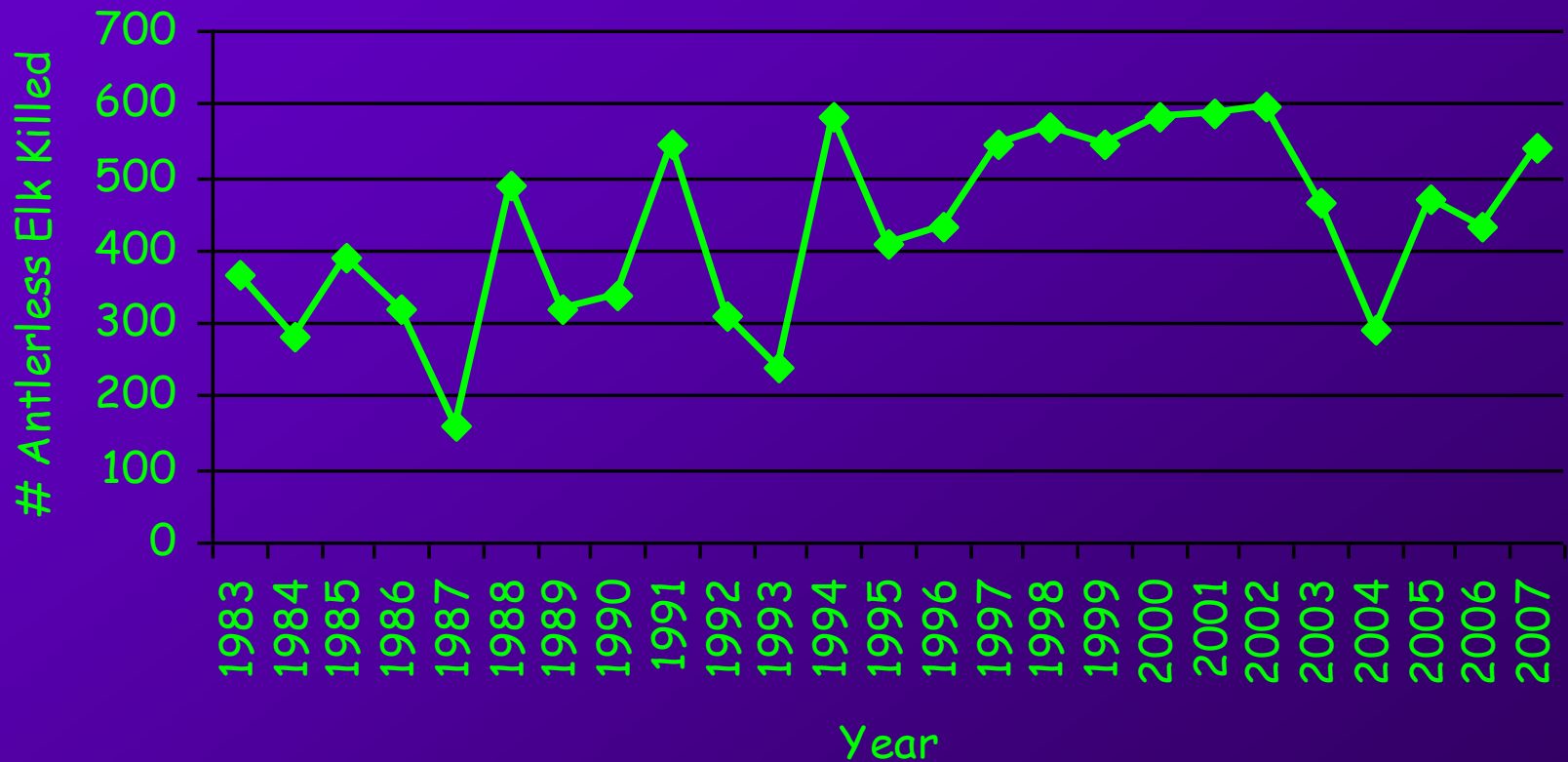
# Clarks Fork Elk Branch-Antlered Bull Harvest



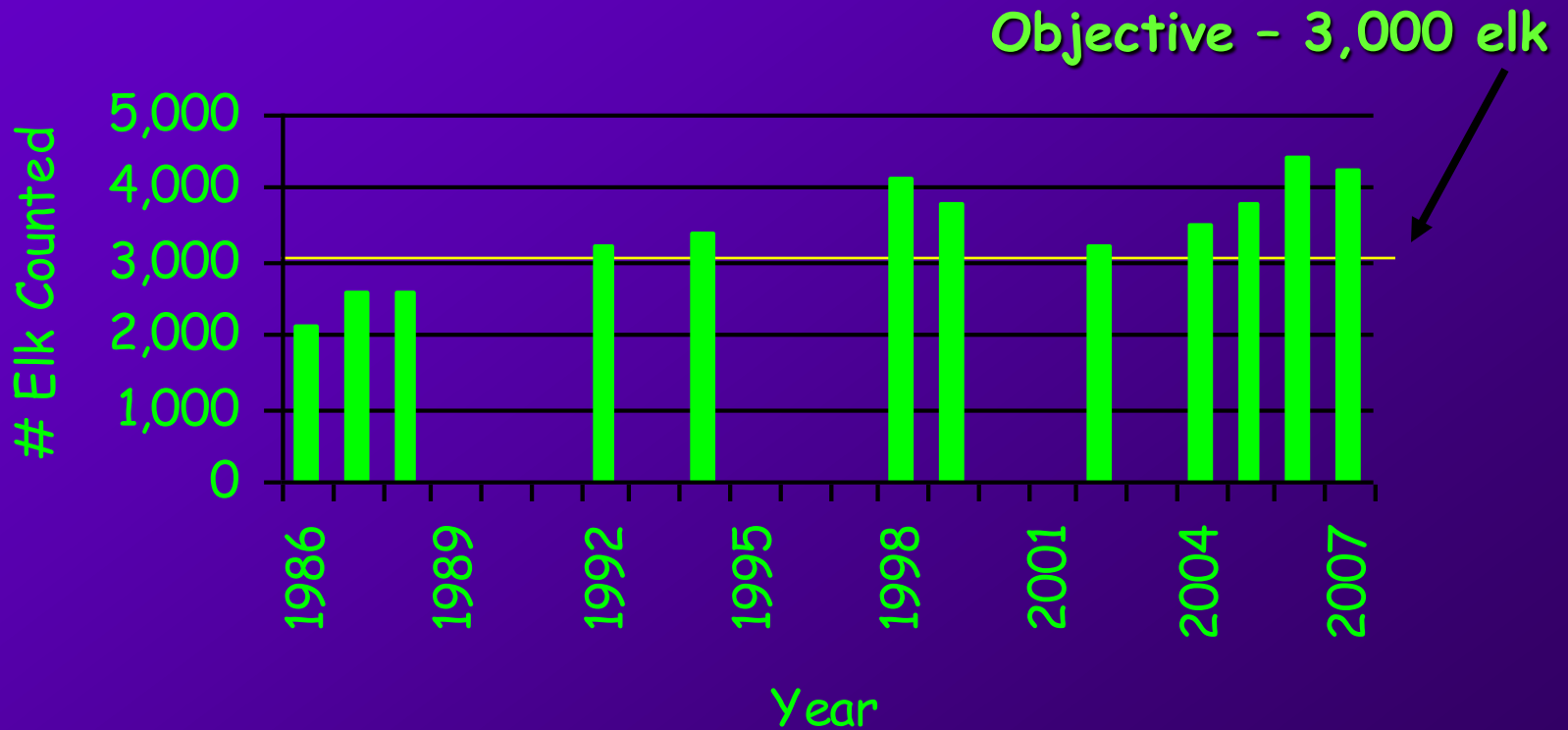
# Clarks Fork Elk Bull Harvest



# Clarks Fork Elk Antlerless Harvest



# Clarks Fork Elk Trend Counts



# Postseason 2004 Elk Surveys

## Clark's Fork Herd Unit

	50	51	52	53	54	65	121	Total
Calf: Cow Ratio	33	12	10	-	27	37	19	19
# Elk Classified	324	101	1,305	5	679	280	535	3,229

Total elk counted - 3,495

# Postseason 2005 Elk Surveys

## Clark's Fork Herd Unit

	50	51	52	53	54	65	121	Total
Calf: Cow Ratio	25	20	9	10	37	15	39	23
# Elk Classified	450	171	1,139	25	919	193	766	3,620

Total elk counted - 3,813



# Postseason 2006 Elk Surveys

## Clark's Fork Herd Unit

	50	51	52	53	54	65	121	Total
Calf: Cow Ratio	27	-	13	-	35	30	28	23
# Elk Classified	608	39	1,530	0	839	790	616	4,422

Total elk counted - 4,422

# Postseason 2007 Elk Surveys

## Clark's Fork Herd Unit

	50	51	52	53	54	65	121	Total
Calf: Cow Ratio	41	13	12	-	28	32	28	23
# Elk Classified	562	215	1,376	41	844	636	587	4,261

Total elk counted - 4,261

# Elk

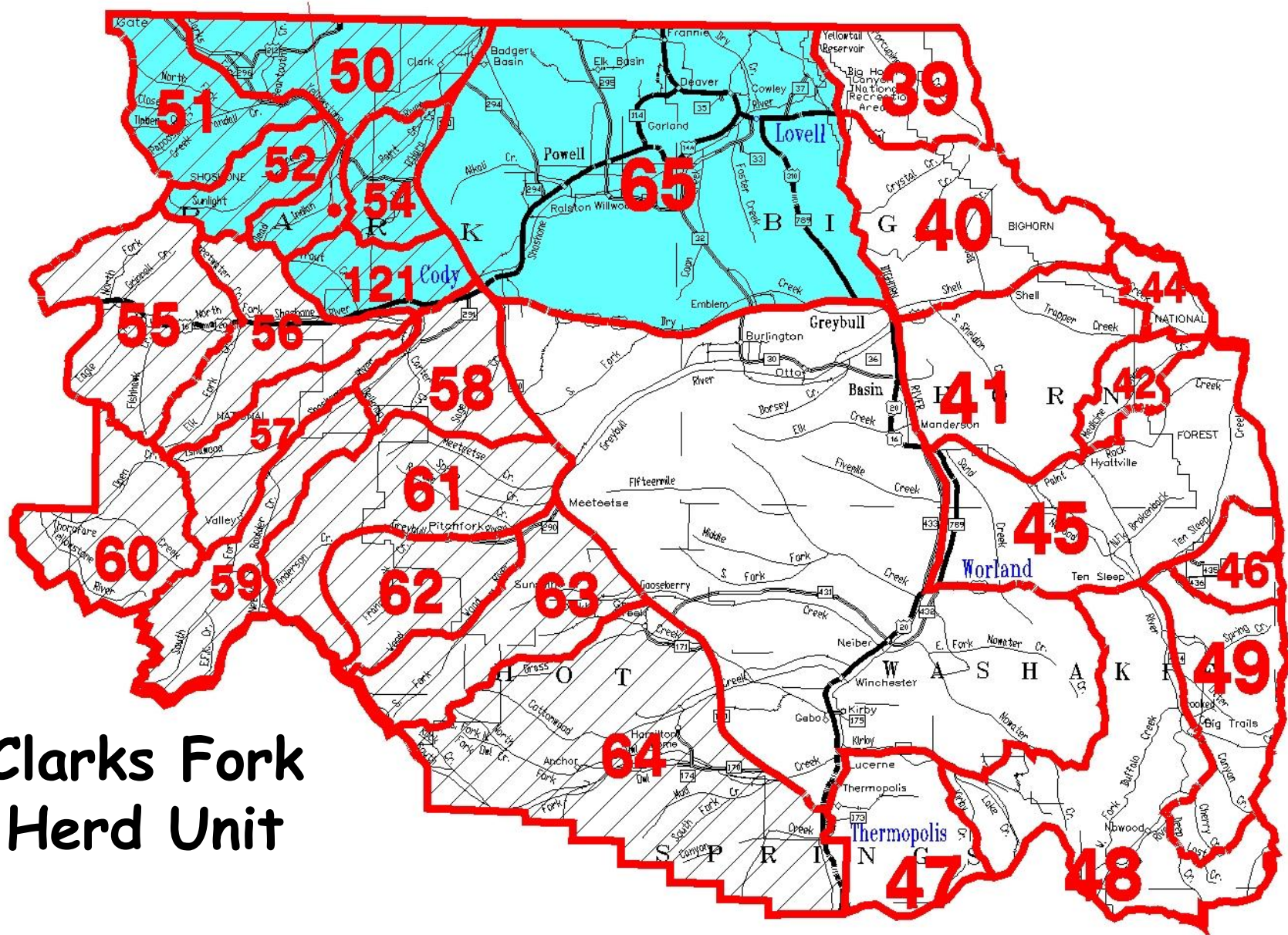
# Ecology

# Project



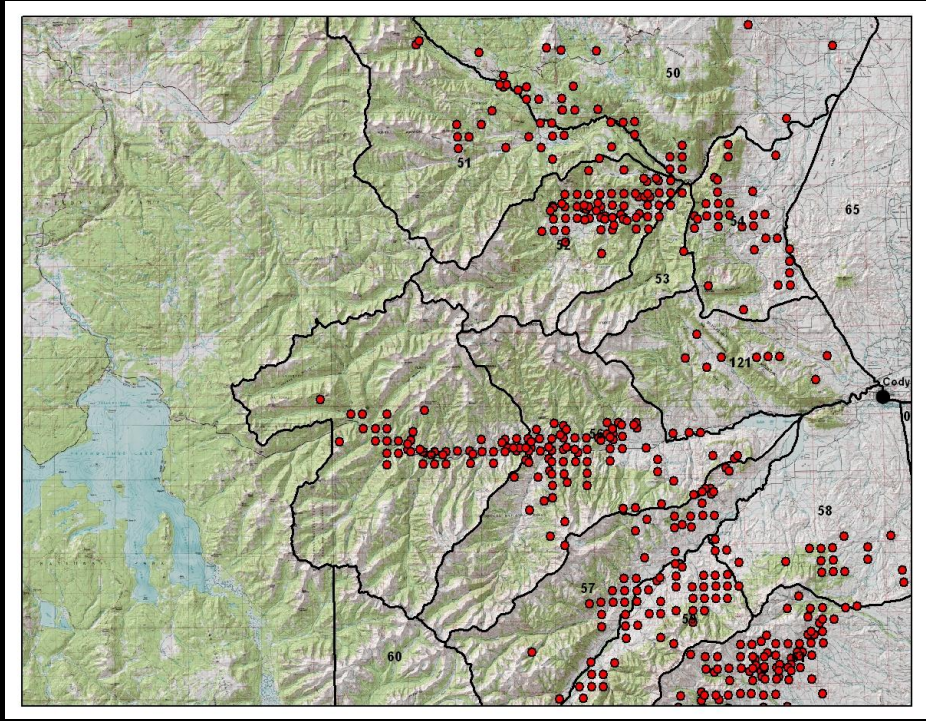
# Elk Hunt Areas Cody Region

53

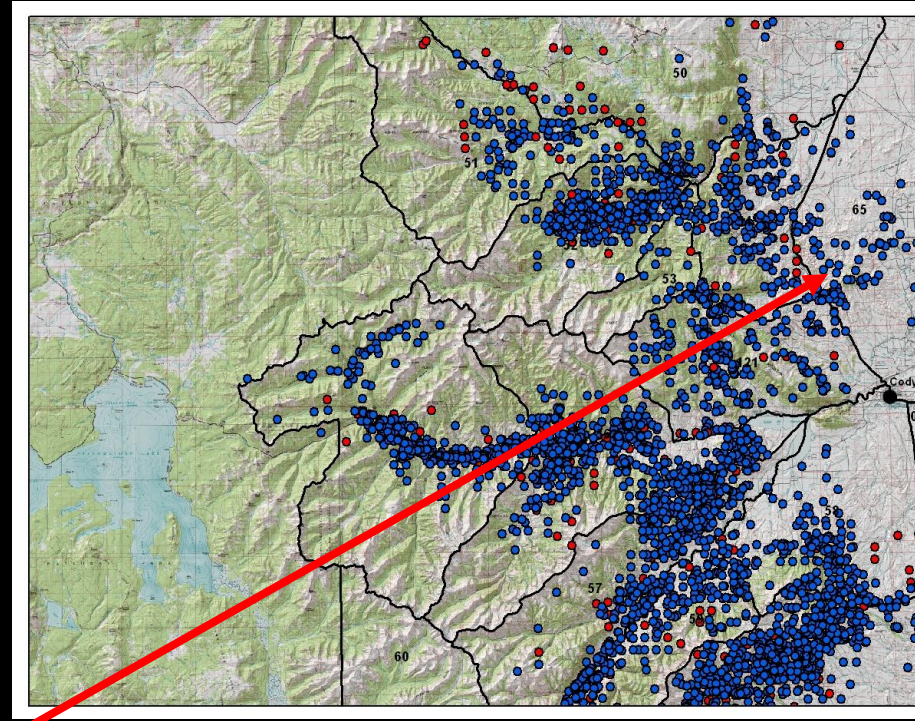


Clarks Fork  
Herd Unit

## Elk Winter Observations 1978-1988



## Elk Winter Observations 1989-2007



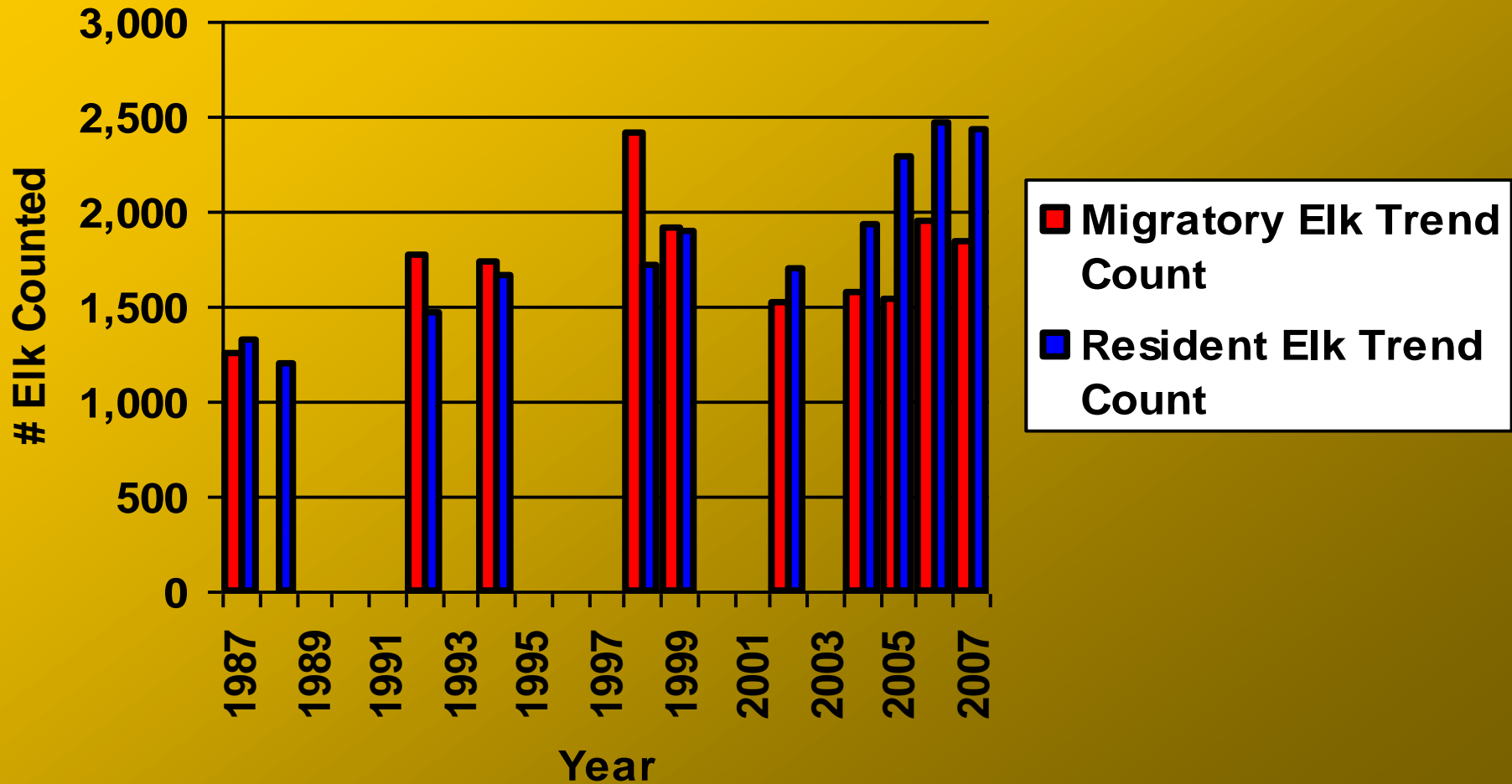
**Range expansion eastward onto private lands**

**Elk first trend counted on Heart Mountain – 1998 (n=190)**

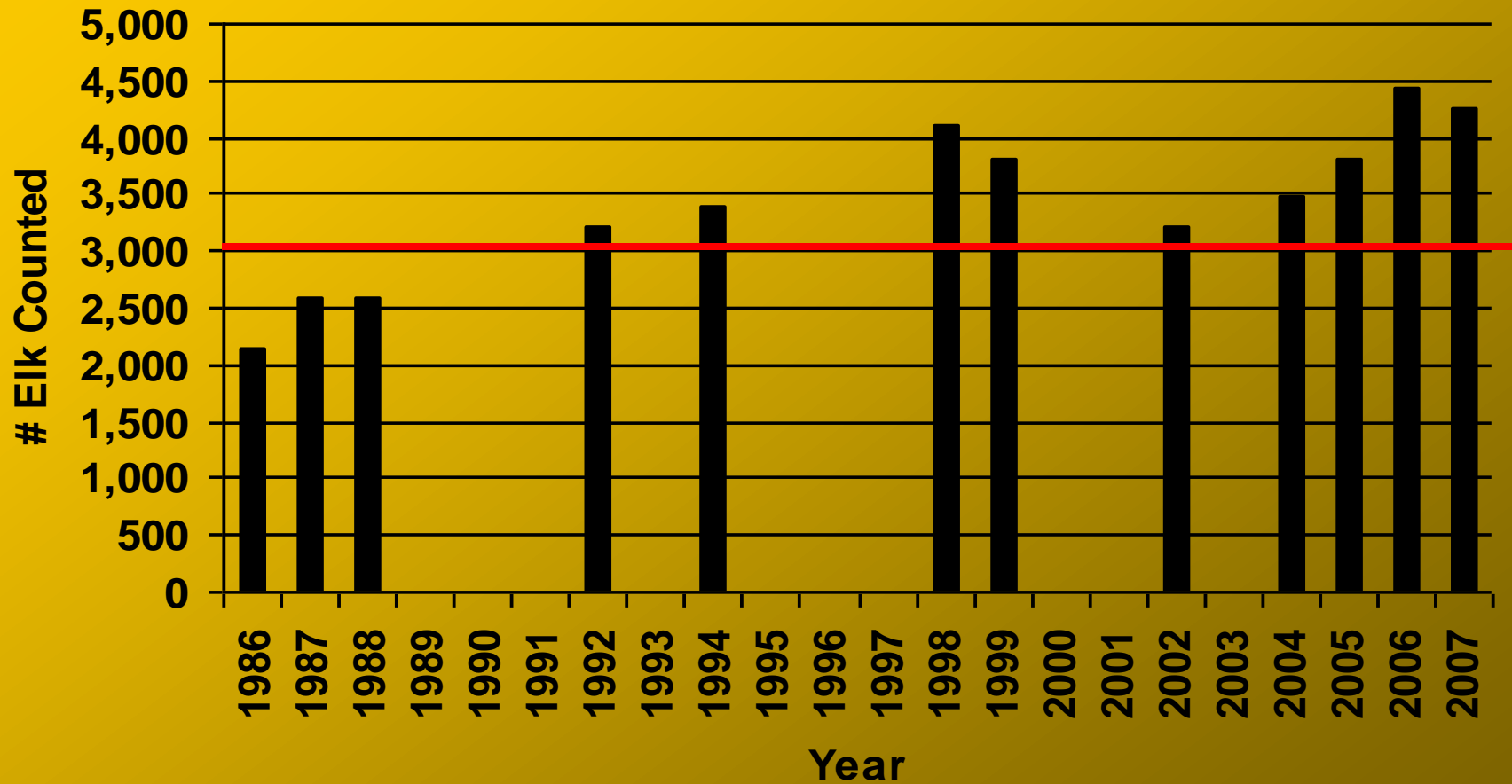
**Elk first classified on Heart Mountain – 1999 (n=207)**

# Clarks Fork Elk Trend Counts

## Migratory versus Resident

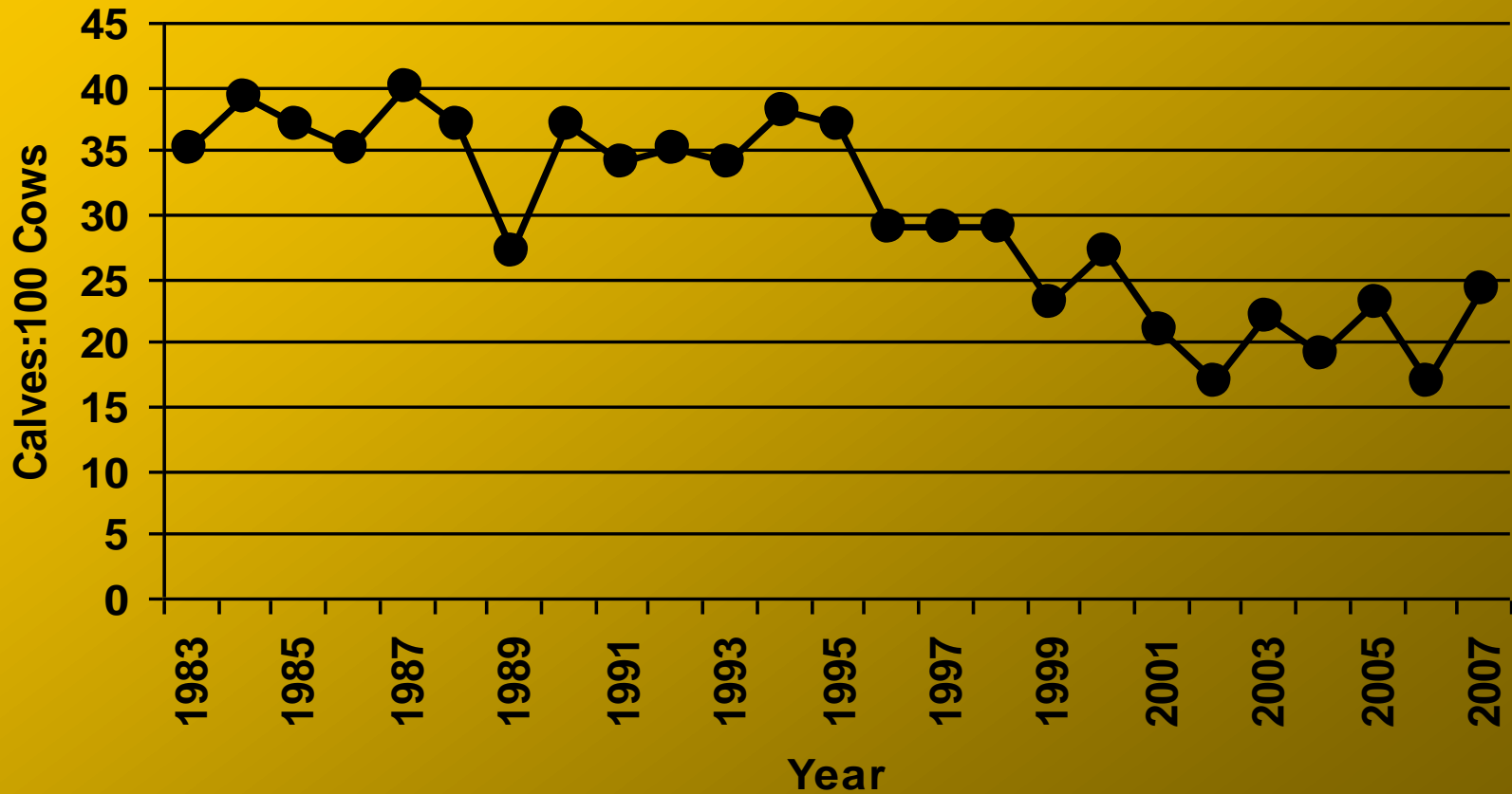


# Clarks Fork Elk Trend Counts



**Objective = 3,000 elk**

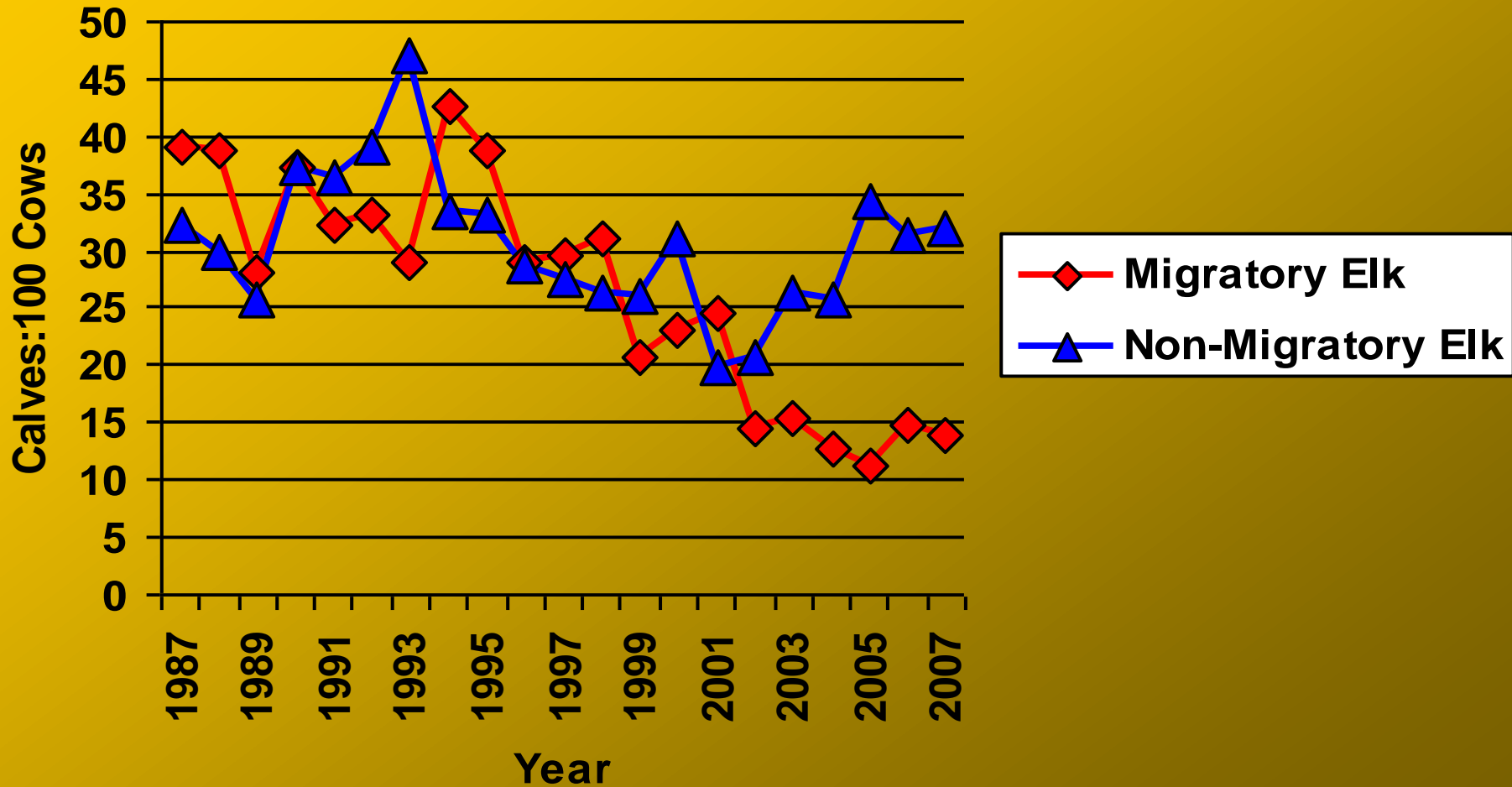
# Clarks Fork Elk Herd Unit Calf Ratios





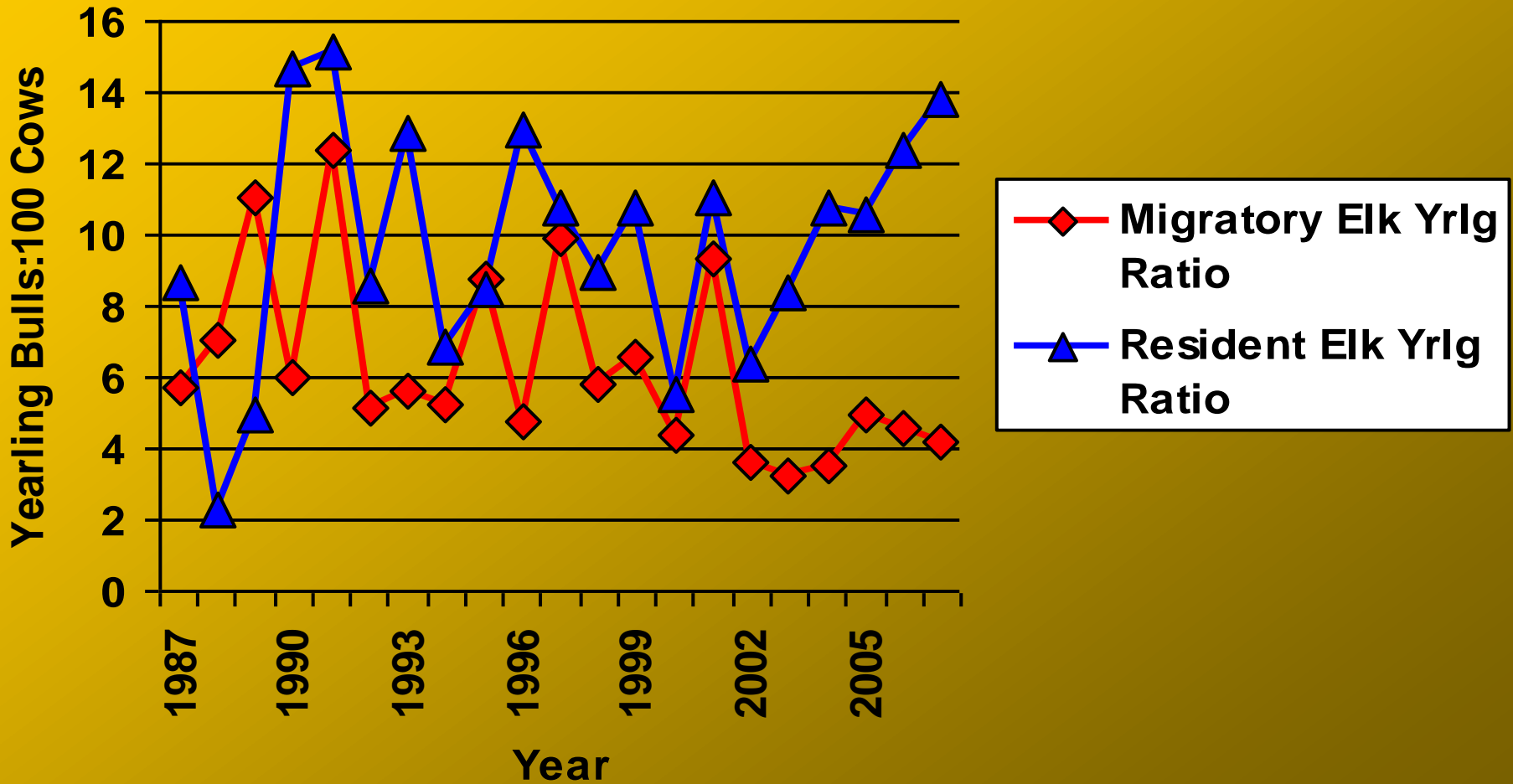
# Clarks Fork Elk Calf: Cow Ratios

## Migratory versus Non-Migratory



# Clarks Fork Elk Yearling Bull: Cow Ratios

## Migratory versus Non-Migratory





# **Future Hunting Opportunities For Migratory Elk?**

# **Project Objectives**

**Determine the proportion of resident and migratory elk.**

**Determine the timing and routes used by migratory elk.**

**Increase understanding of elk use of private lands.**

**Obtain information on adult elk survival.**

**Evaluate the influence of wolves on elk habitat use and movements.**

100 adult female elk captured January 07 - January 08

**86 store-on-board GPS Collars**

**22 VHF collars**

**GPS Duty Cycle**

**Nov-Mar = 1 location/3 hrs**

**Apr-June = 1 location/24 hrs**

**July-Aug = 1 location/3 hrs**

**Sept-Oct = 1 location/8 hrs**

**Collar drop-off April 1, 2010**



# Capture & monitor wolves in 5 packs

(Sunlight, Beartooth, Absaroka, Crandall, Druid)

## ARGOS GPS collars (n=14)

Jan-Dec = 1 location/3 hrs  
ARGOS download 1/7 days  
Collar drop-off each year

## LOTEK GPS collars (n=5)

July – Oct = 1 location 20 minutes  
Remote download

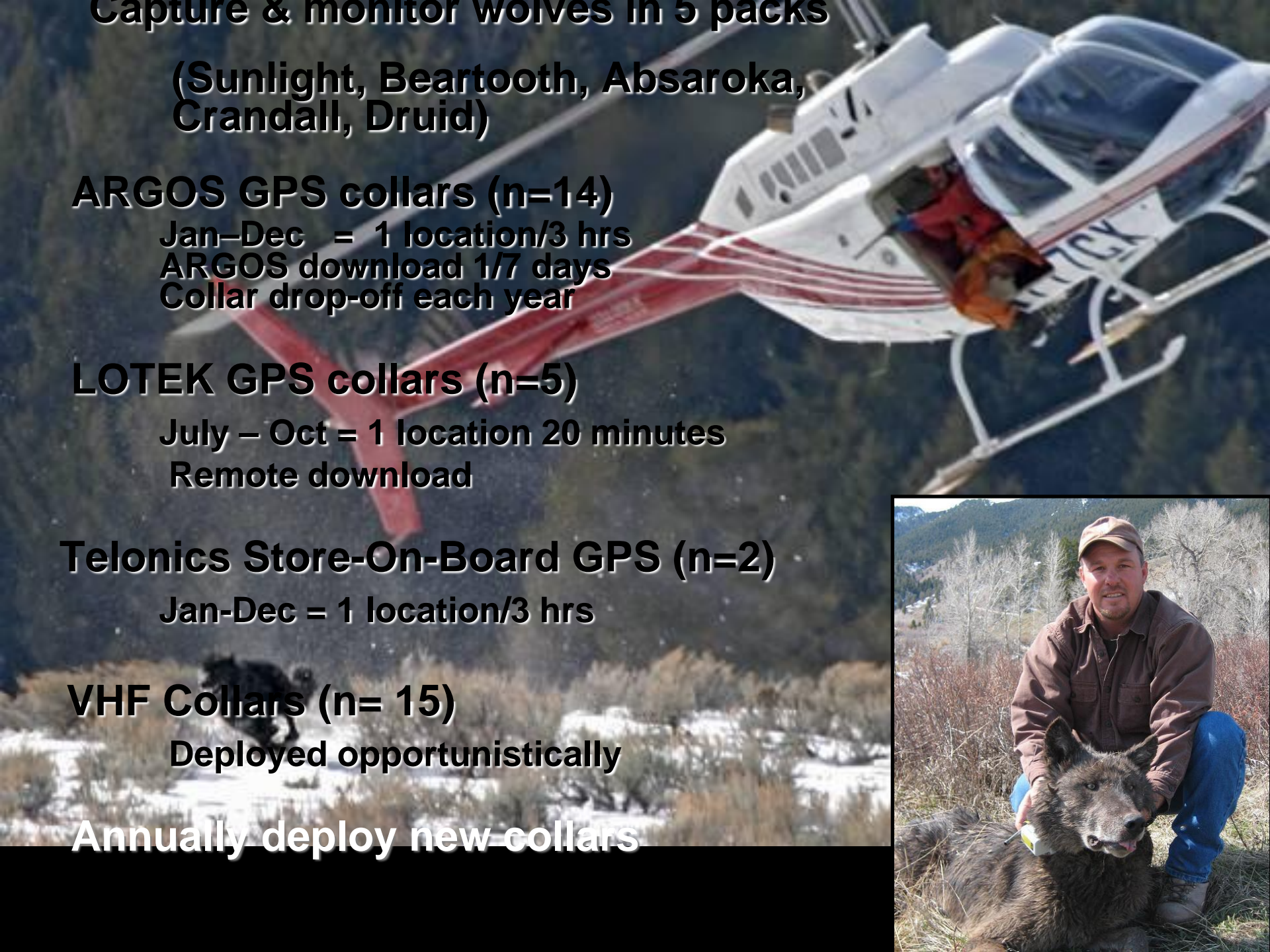
## Telonics Store-On-Board GPS (n=2)

Jan-Dec = 1 location/3 hrs

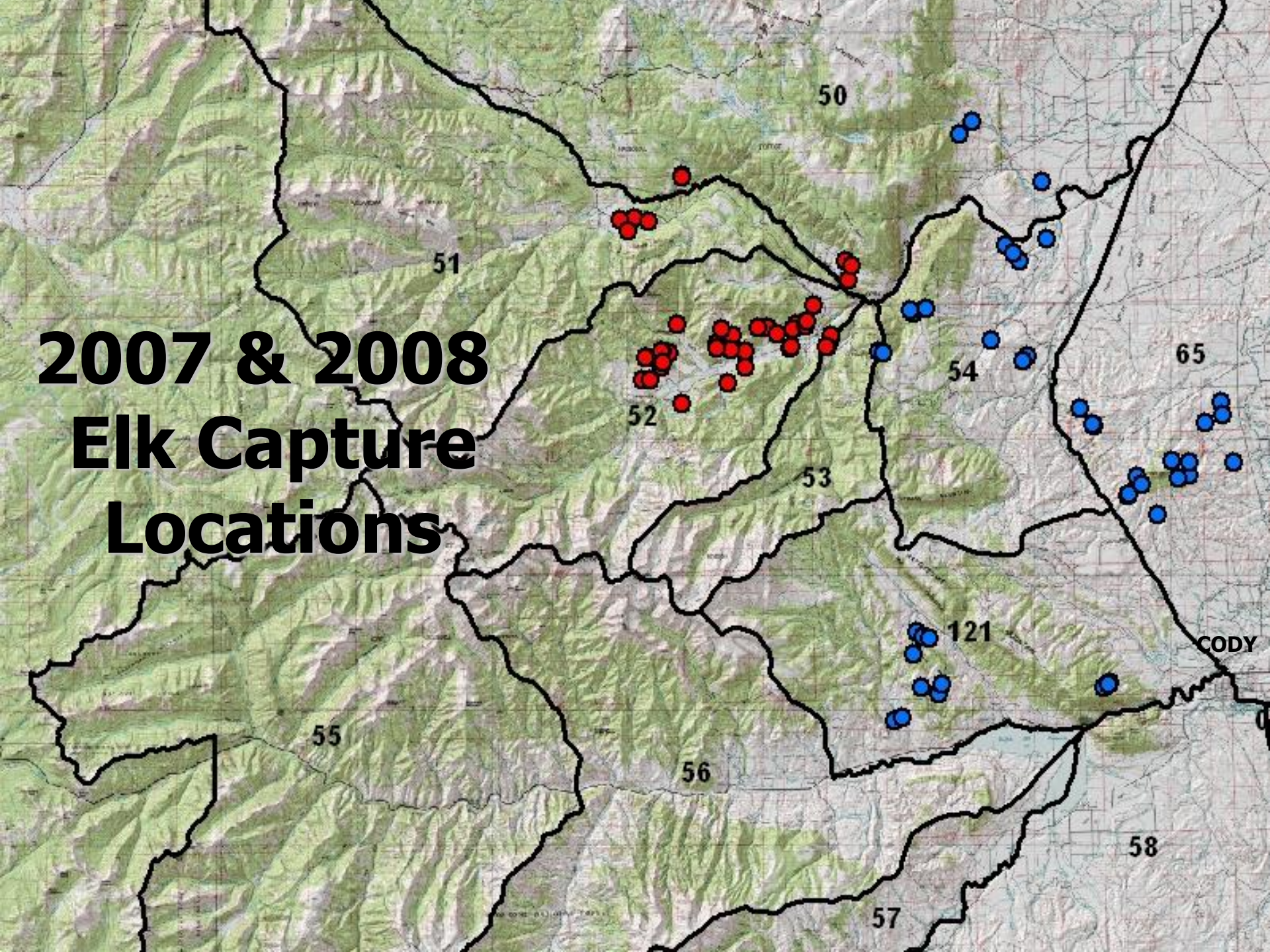
## VHF Collars (n= 15)

Deployed opportunistically

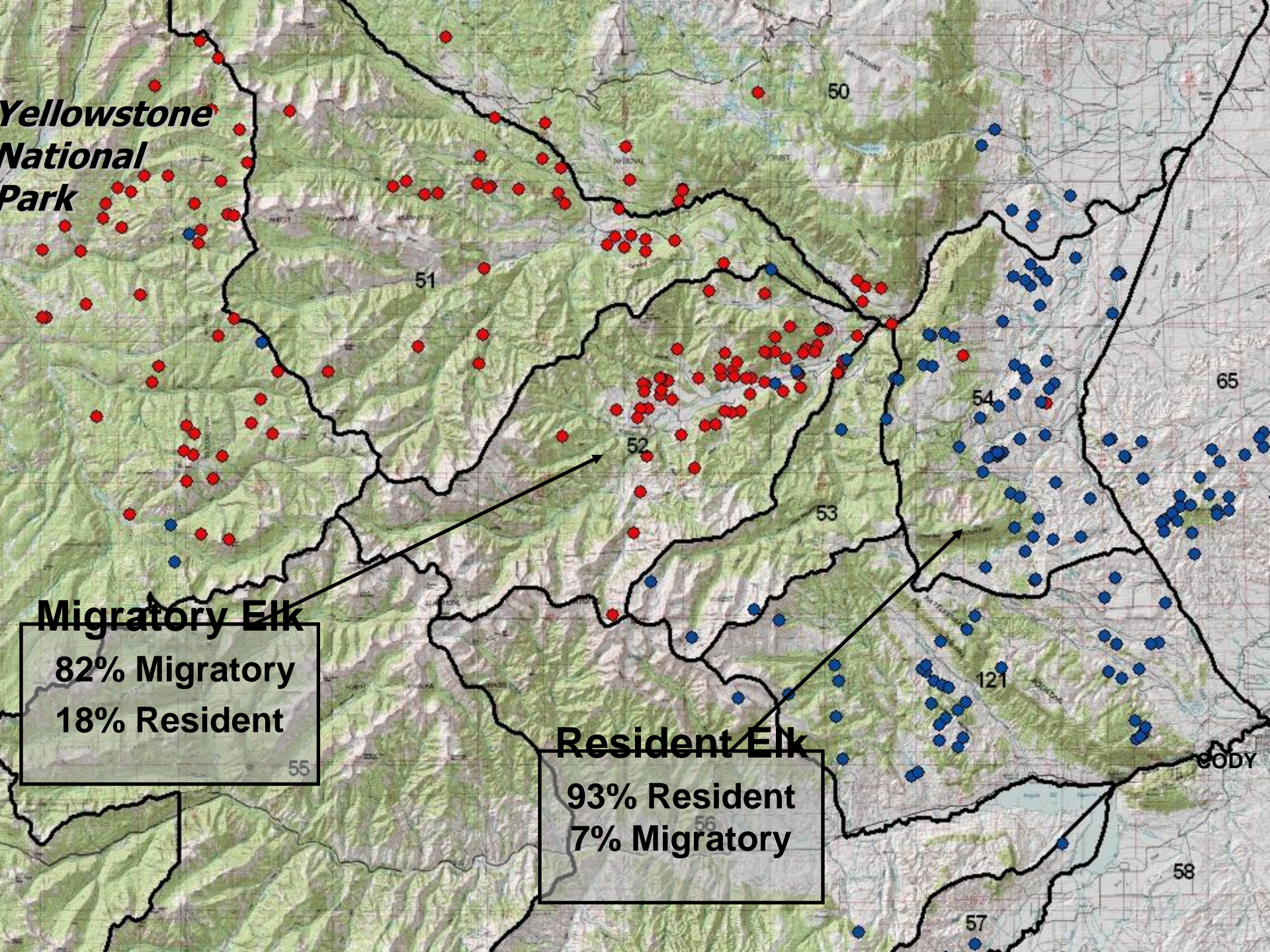
Annually deploy new collars



# 2007 & 2008 Elk Capture Locations



**Yellowstone  
National  
Park**



**Migratory Elk**

82% Migratory

18% Resident

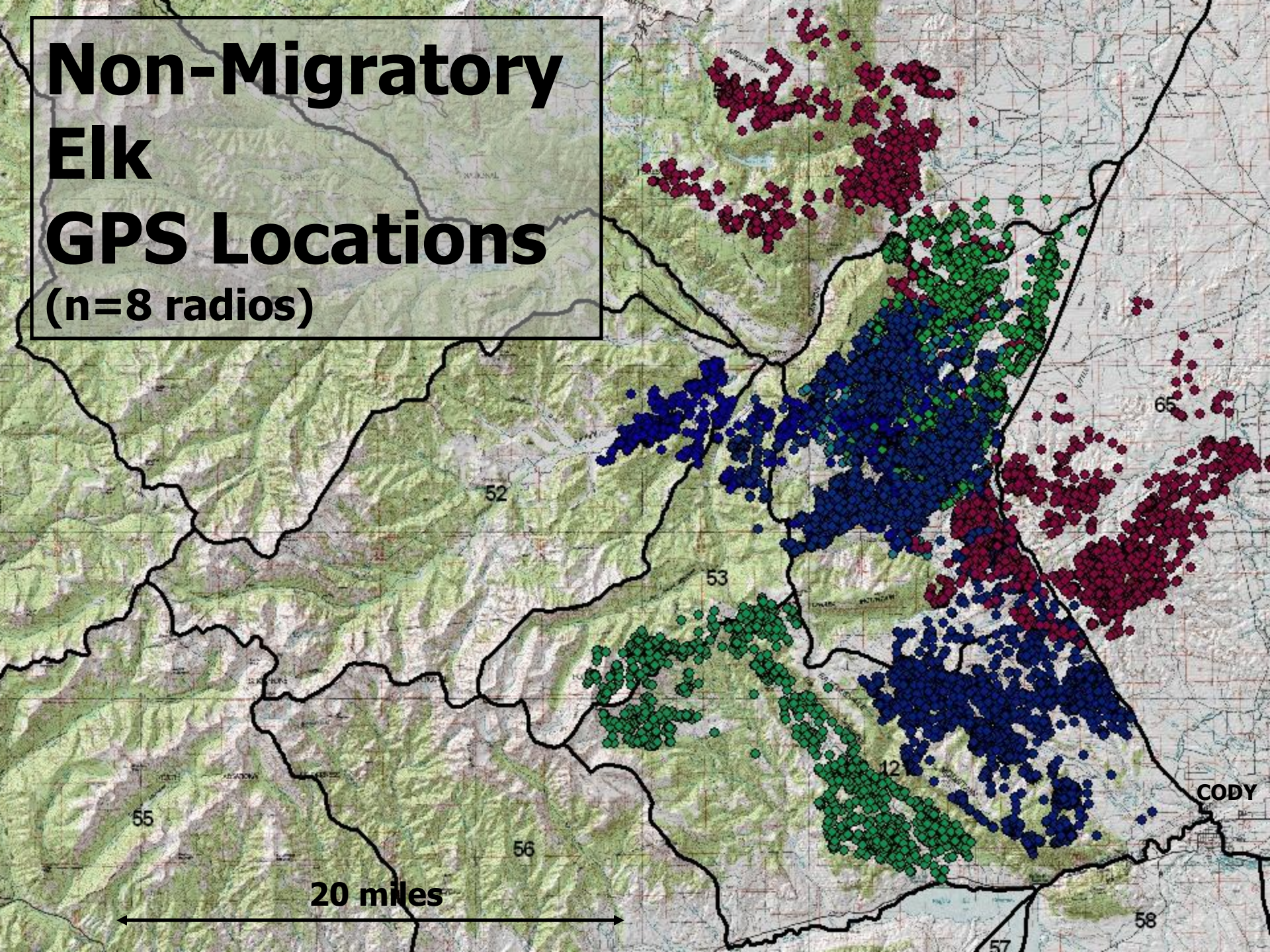
**Resident Elk**

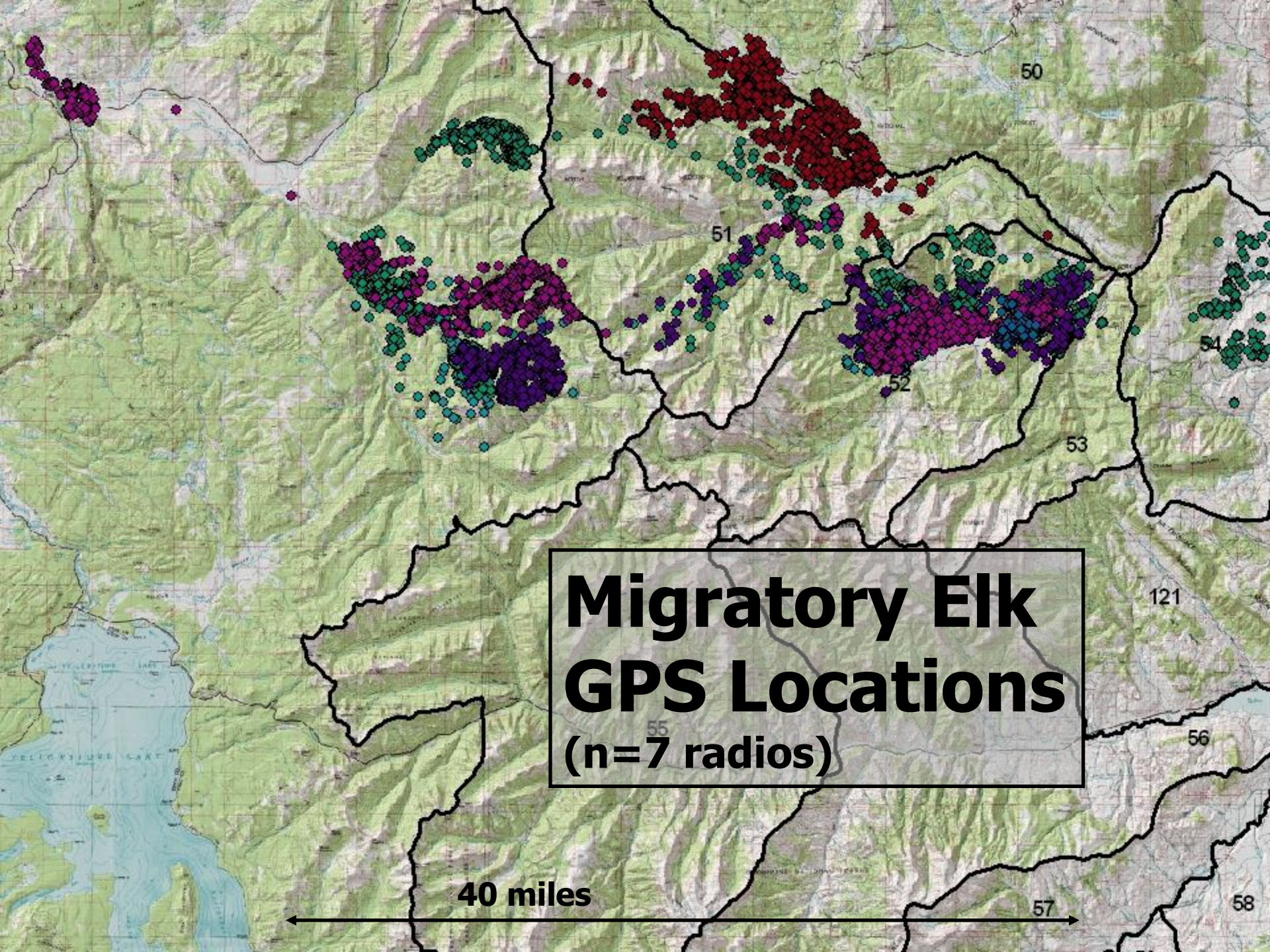
93% Resident

7% Migratory



# Non-Migratory Elk GPS Locations (n=8 radios)





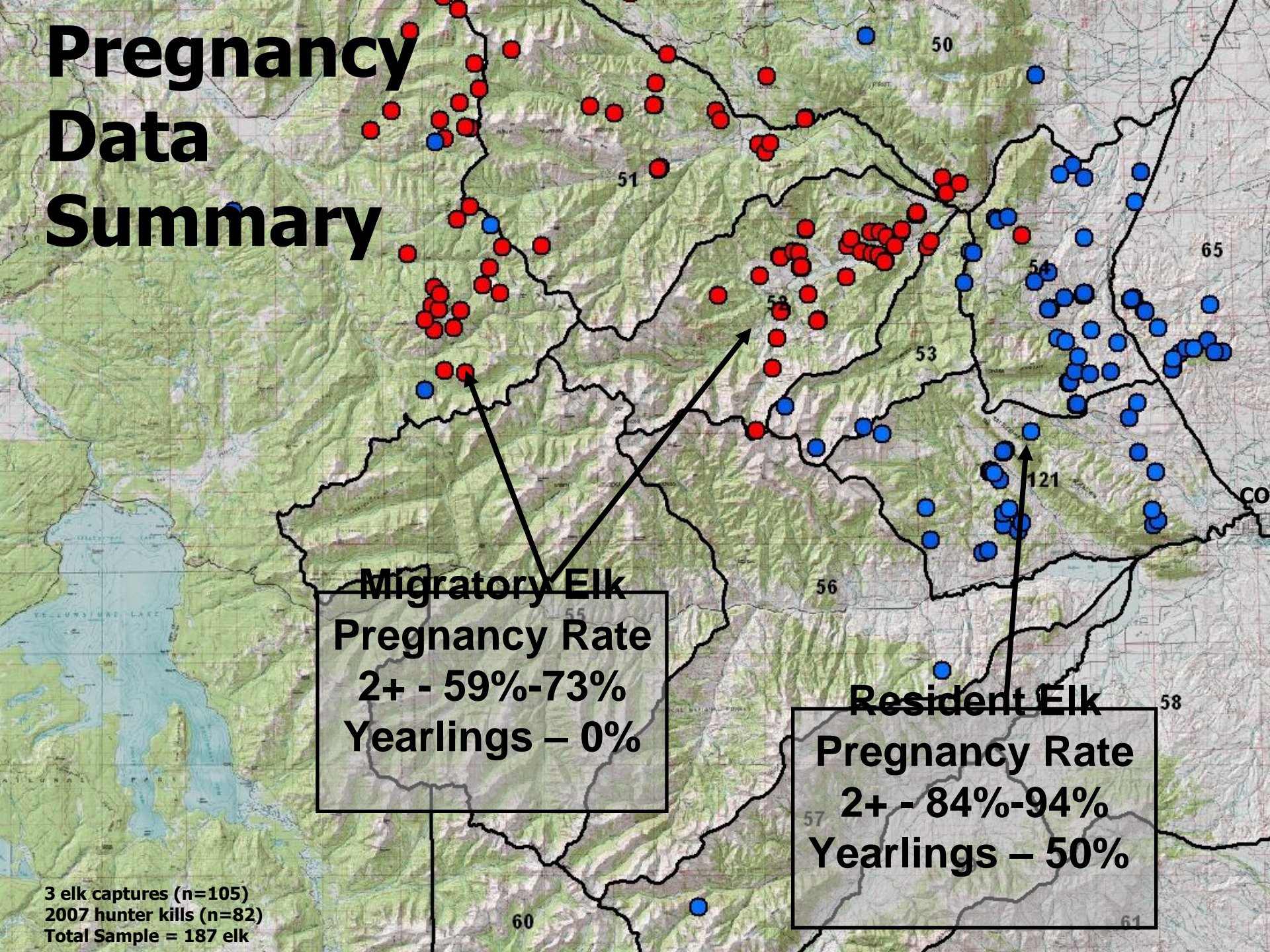
**Migratory Elk  
GPS Locations  
(n=7 radios)**

40 miles

57

58

# Pregnancy Data Summary

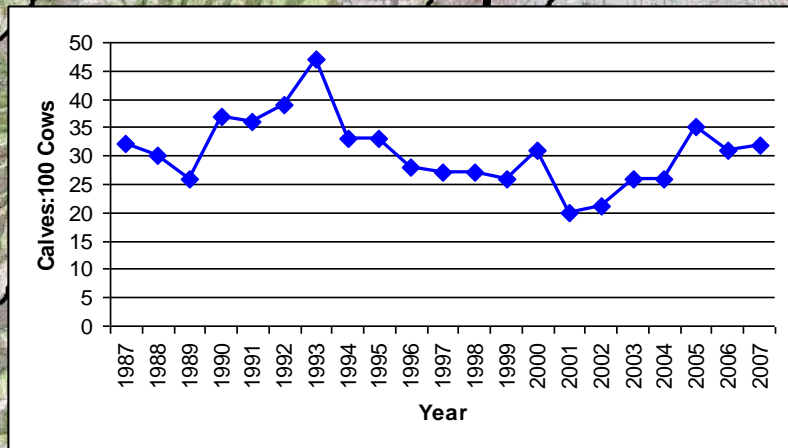
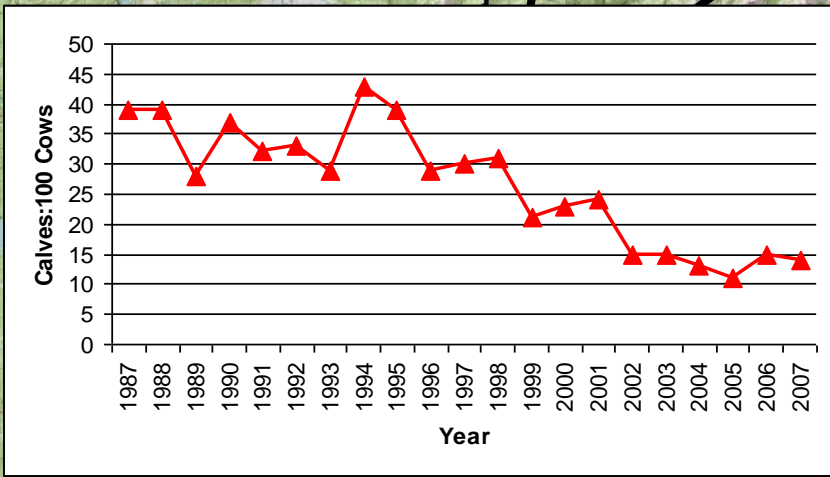
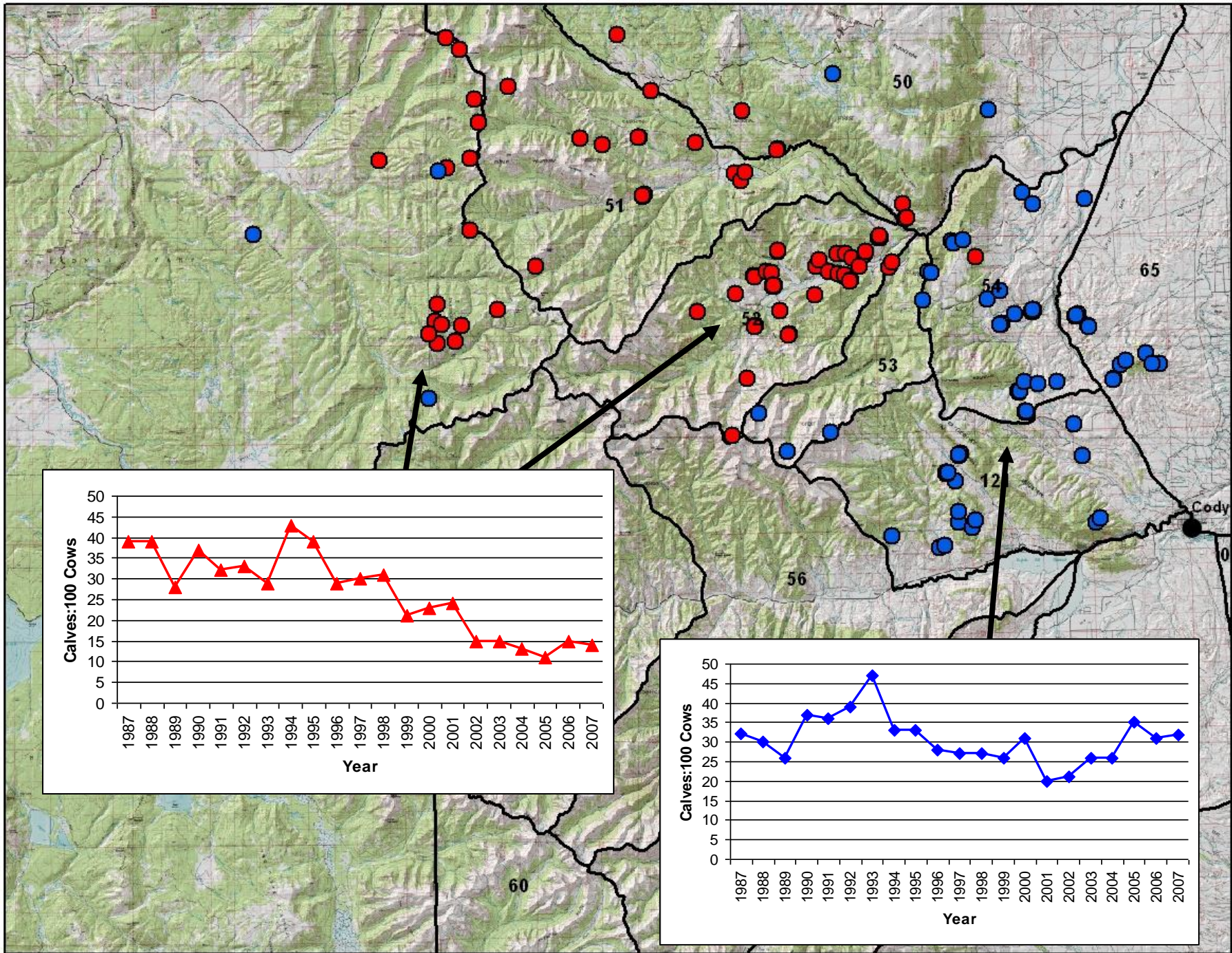


The map shows the state of Colorado divided into counties, with elk pregnancy data points plotted. Red dots represent migratory elk, and blue dots represent resident elk. Two callout boxes provide pregnancy rates for each group. Arrows point from the boxes to the corresponding data points on the map. County numbers 50, 51, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 60, 61, 65, and CO are visible on the map.

**Migratory Elk**  
Pregnancy Rate  
2+ - 59%-73%  
Yearlings - 0%

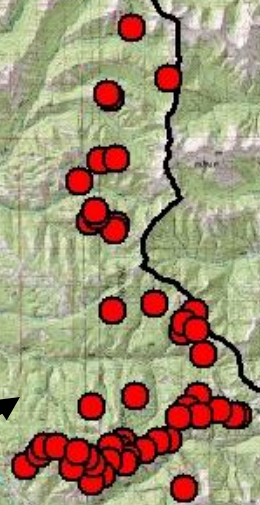
**Resident Elk**  
Pregnancy Rate  
2+ - 84%-94%  
Yearlings - 50%

3 elk captures (n=105)  
2007 hunter kills (n=82)  
Total Sample = 187 elk

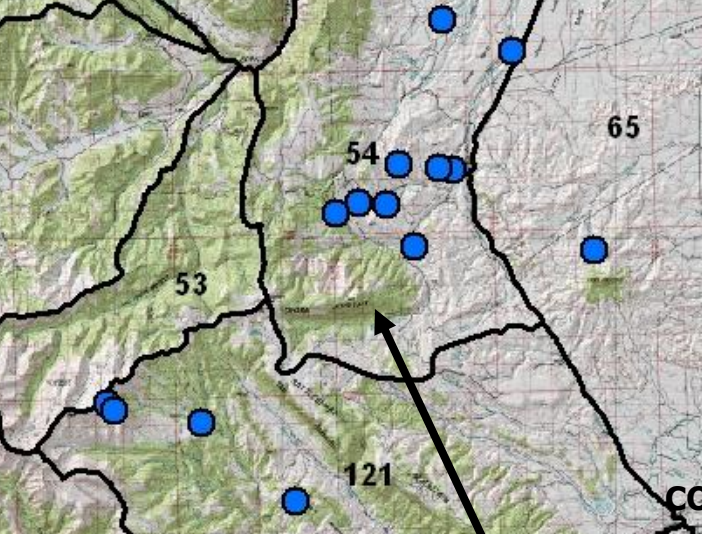


**Yellowstone  
National  
Park**

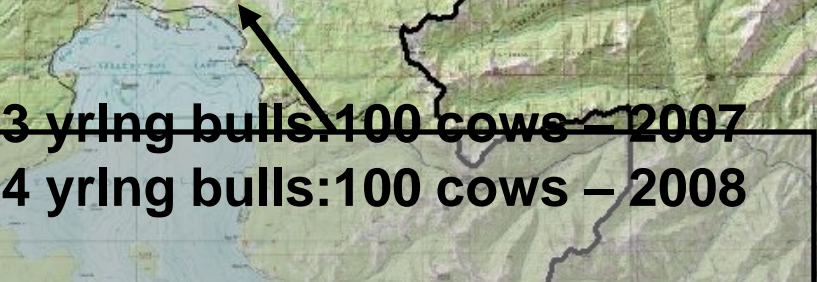
# Timing of Calf Losses?



**16 calves:100 cows - 2007**  
**15 calves:100 cows - 2008**



**41 calves:100 cows - 2007**  
**40 calves:100 cows - 2008**



**3 yrng bulls:100 cows - 2007**  
**4 yrng bulls:100 cows - 2008**

**Locations of Classified  
Elk - August/September  
2007 & 2008**

**11 yrng bulls:100 cows - 2007**  
**9 yrng bulls:100 cows - 2008**

61 n=879 in 2007  
n=660 in 2008



# Migratory Elk Summer Classifications

1980 – 38:100

1982 – 34:100

1983 – 31:100

1986 – 35:100

1987 – 36:100

# **Additional Project Objectives**

**Determine why pregnancy rates are so low for migratory elk.**

**Evaluate the the relationships between elk habitat selection, elk body condition, and elk pregnancy rates.**

**Evaluate how wolf predation risk may influence elk behavior, habitat selection, and therefore body condition, and ultimately, pregnancy rates.**

# **Bull Availability Influence on Pregnancy Rates?**

## **Migratory Elk September Classifications**

**24 bulls:100 cows – 2007**

**13 bulls:100 cows – 2008\***

\*partial sample

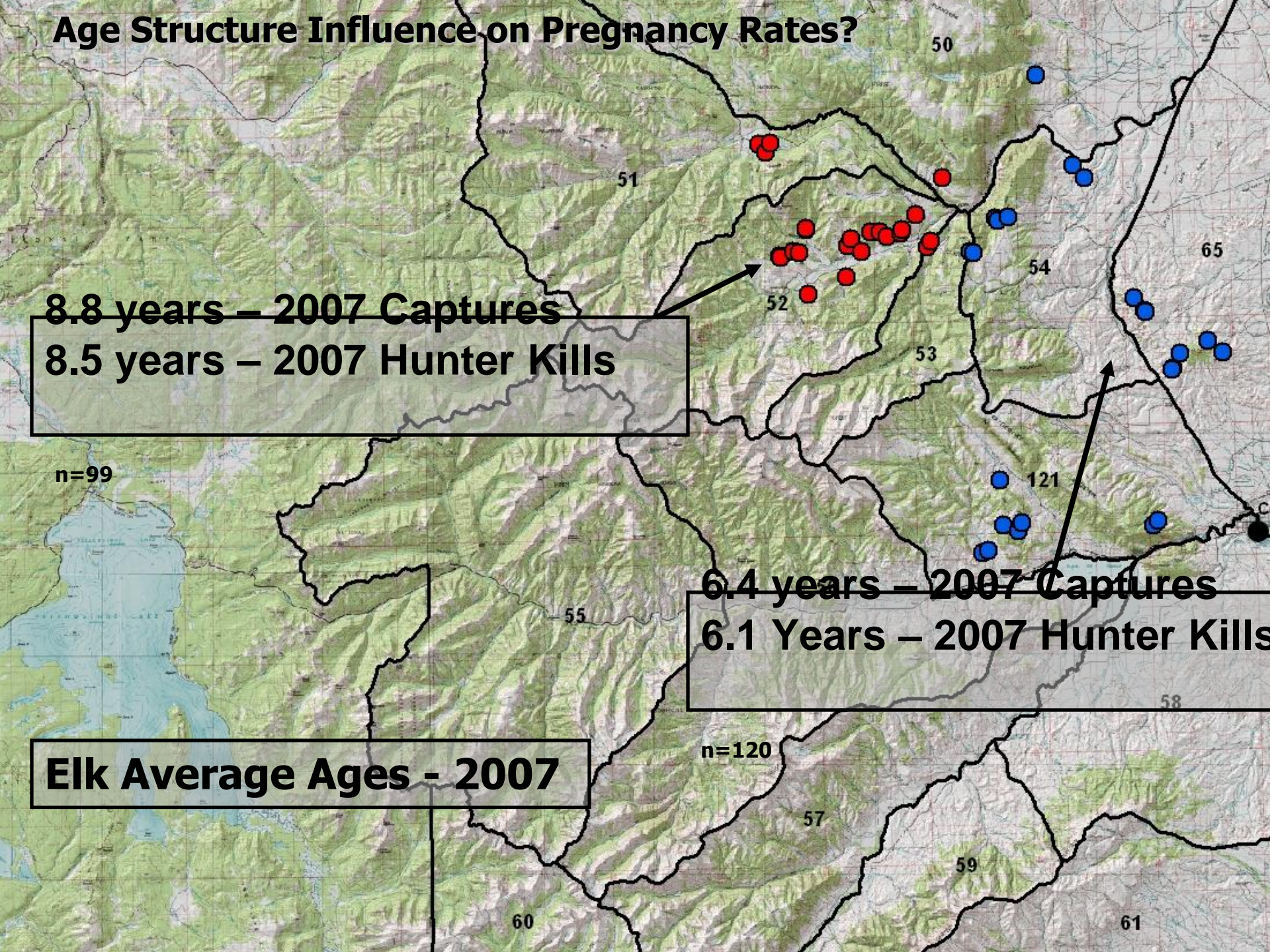


# Age Structure Influence on Pregnancy Rates?

**8.8 years – 2007 Captures**  
**8.5 years – 2007 Hunter Kills**

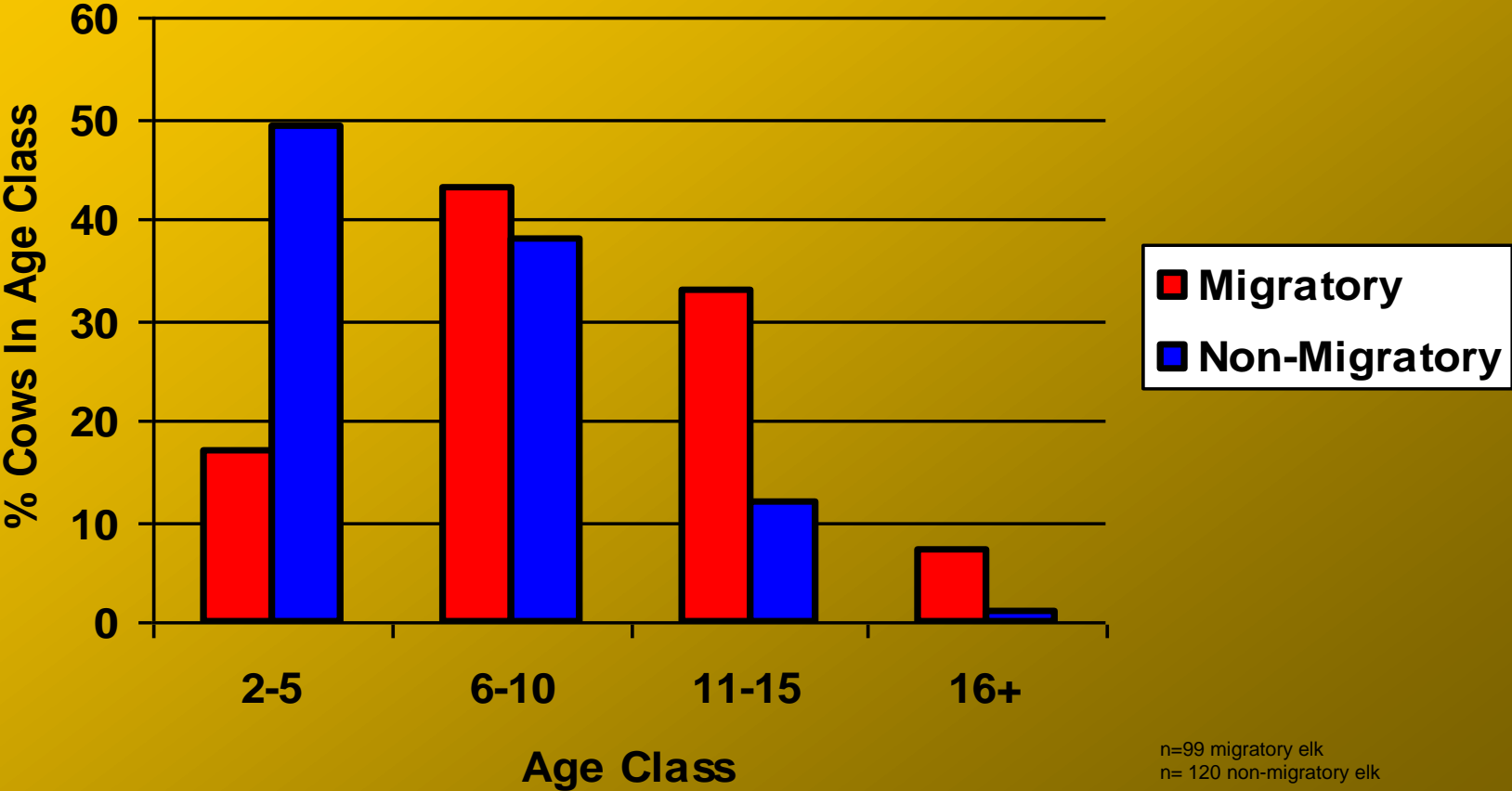
**6.4 years – 2007 Captures**  
**6.1 Years – 2007 Hunter Kills**

**Elk Average Ages - 2007**



# Clarks Fork Elk Cow Age Structure

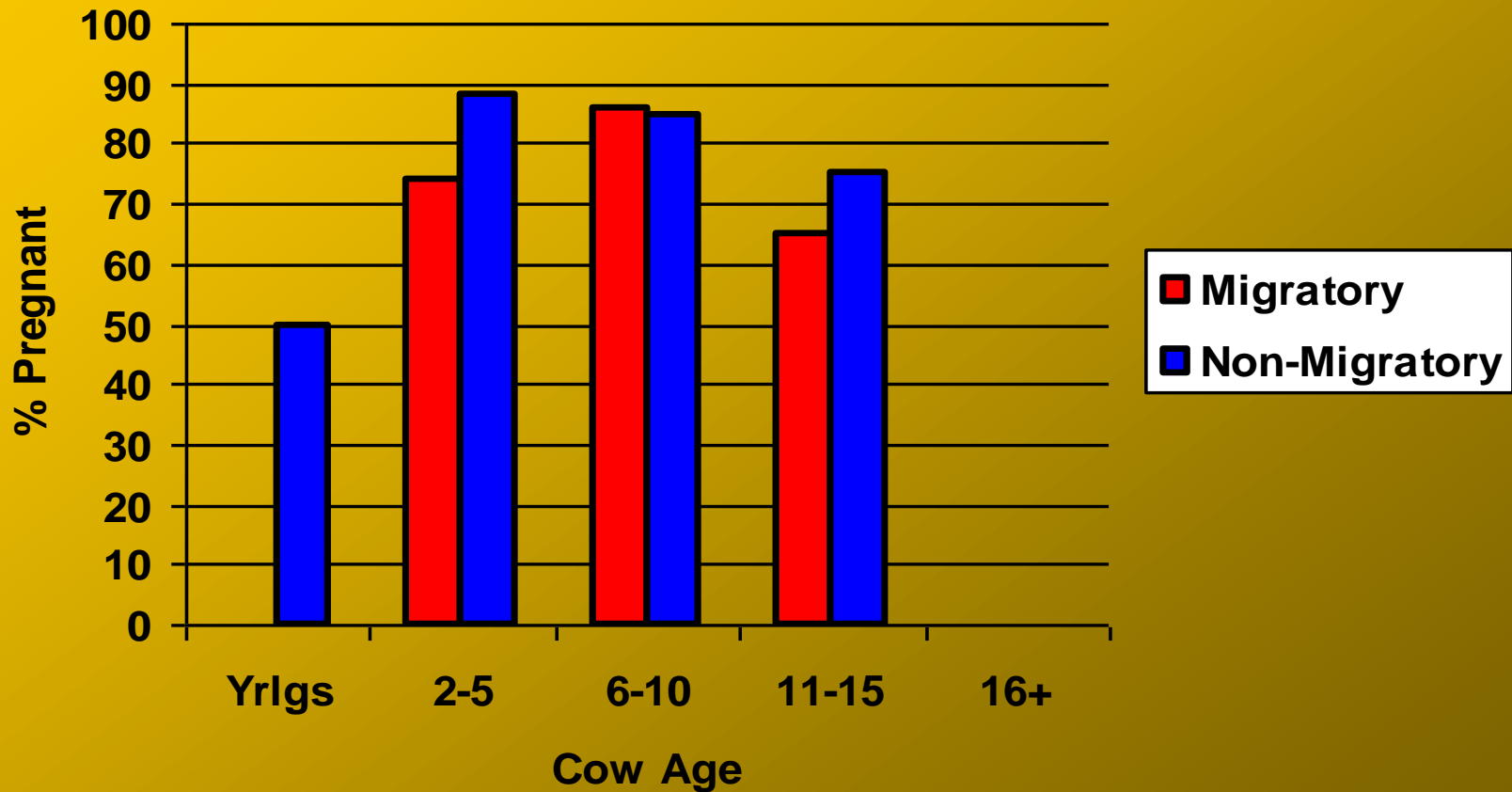
## Migratory versus Non-Migratory



# Clarks Fork Elk

## Age-Specific Pregnancy Rates

### Migratory versus Non-Migratory



# Body Condition Influences Upon Pregnancy

- **Breeding can be delayed below 15% body fat**
- **Probability of breeding declines markedly below 10% body fat**
- **Breeding is unlikely below 6% body fat**



# Body Condition Effects Upon Calves

- **With good nutrition, calves stop growing in mid-October**
- **With poor nutrition, calves stop growing in mid-September**
- **Winter survival of calves is related to their size at the onset of winter**
- **With good nutrition as calves, will become pregnant as yearlings despite near starvation in winter**



# Body Condition Sampling Hunter-Killed Elk

## Whole-Body Carcass Scoring

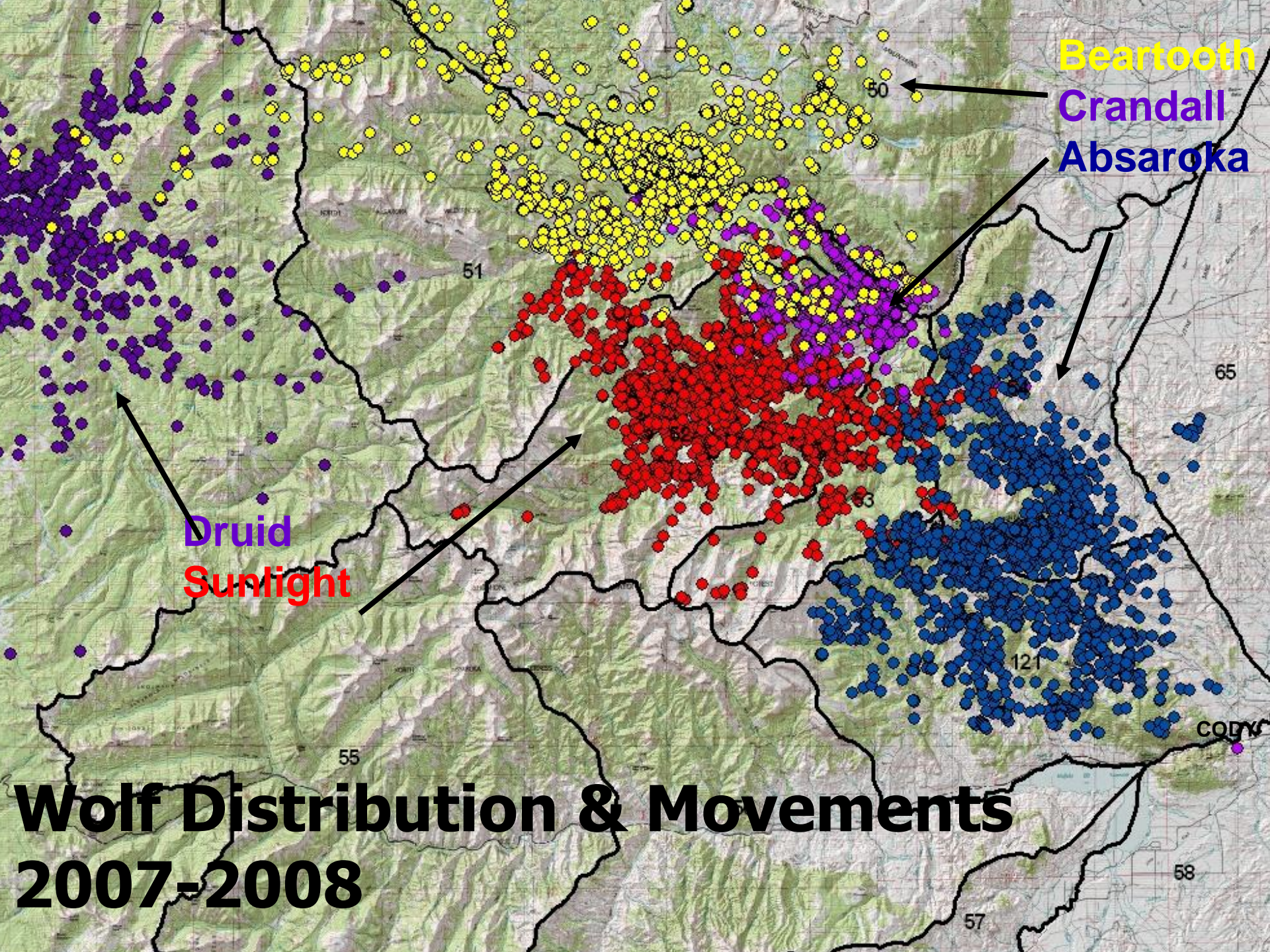


# Body Condition Sampling

## Detailed Sampling of GPS-Collared Elk



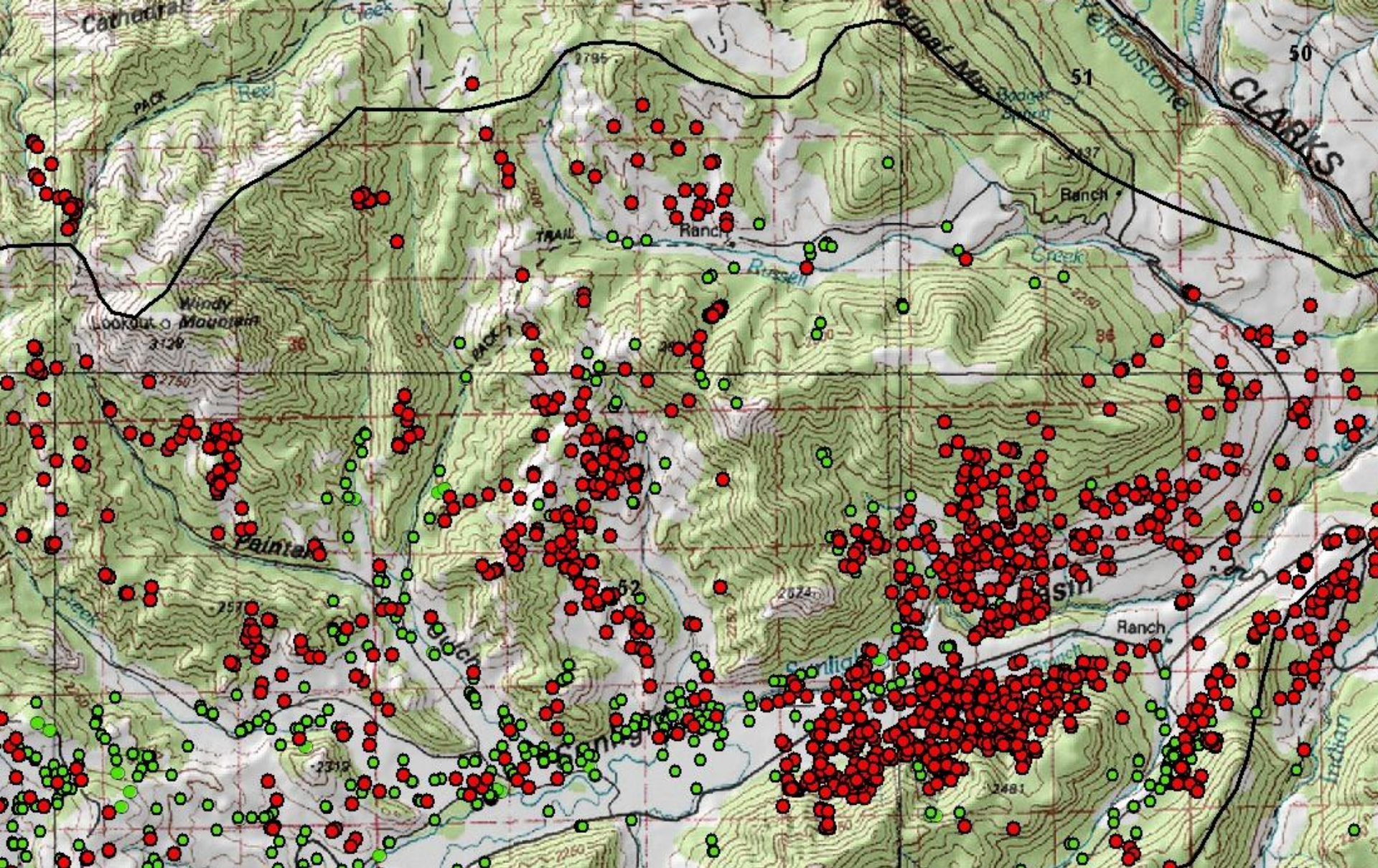
**Both Support Other Data Collected  
On Pregnancy Rates & Lactation Status**



**Beartooth**  
**Crandall**  
**Absaroka**

**Druid**  
**Sunlight**

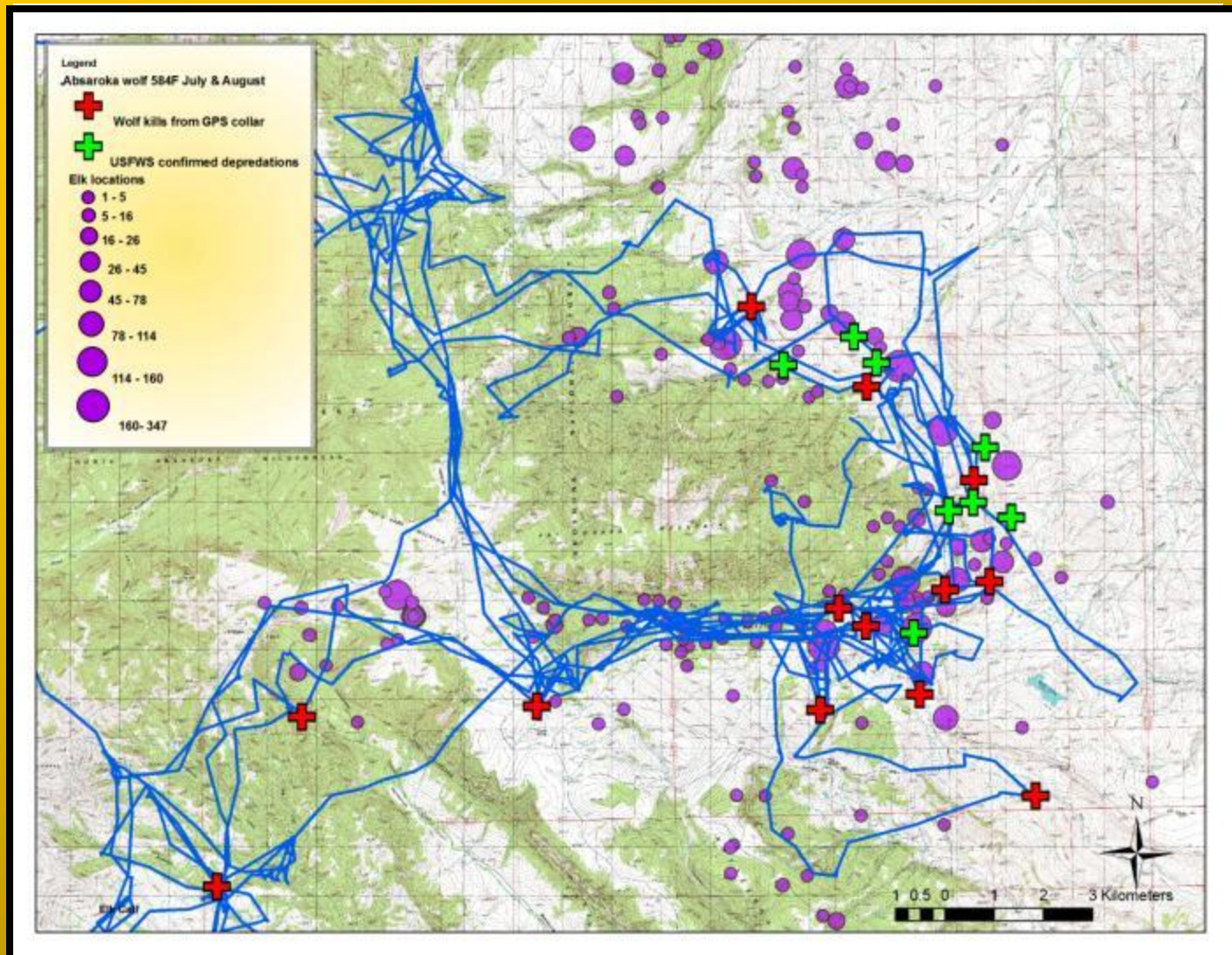
# **Wolf Distribution & Movements 2007-2008**



**Sunlight Wolf Locations – Green**  
**Elk #32 Locations - Red**

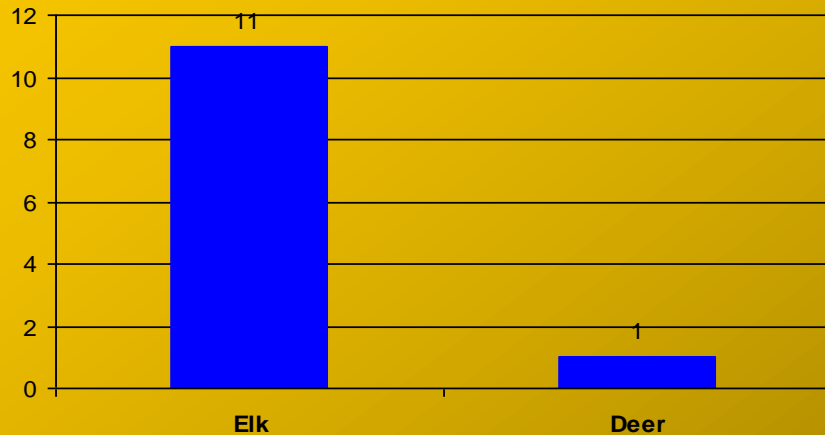


# Wolf- cattle conflicts in resident elk areas

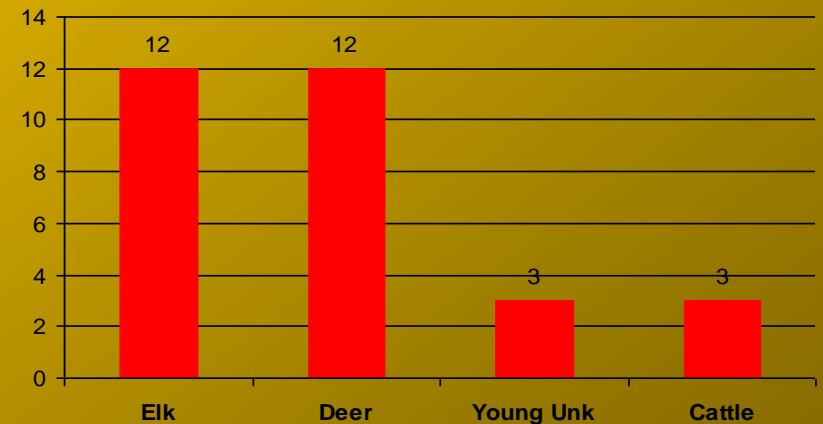


# Wolf-killed prey species found at GPS clusters

## Non-Migratory Elk Areas



## Migratory Elk Areas



# Elk Mortality & Survival



# Summer Mortality of Elk Calves 1991-2005

**2003-2005**

**69% die of all causes (Birth-October)**

**94% of these deaths are predator caused**

**77% of predation occurs within 1<sup>st</sup> 15 days of life**

**1<sup>st</sup> 30 days of calf life**

**bears 69% of deaths**

**wolves 12% of deaths**

**coyotes 11% of deaths**



# Summer Mortality of Elk Calves-YNP



**Median Birth Date – May 28**  
(range – May 16 – June 10)

## Mortality Rate

<b>Mammoth</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>36%</b>
<b>Lamar Valley</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>85%</b>

**Variable Summer Predation**

**Avg age at death - 25 days**

**Bears – 10 days**

**Coyotes – 29 days**

**Wolves – 35 days**

**Mtn Lions – 107 days**

# Elk Calf Mortality YNP



**1987-90**

**2003-05**

Annual Mortality Due To Predation

45%

94%

Bear Predation

23%

58%-60%

Wolf Predation

0%

14%-17%

Coyote Predation

17%

10%-11%

Mtn Lion Predation

2%

3%

Winter Malnutrition (% of winter deaths)

58%

0%

# Elk Calf Survival

## Yellowstone National Park



Scott Copeland © 2004

	<u>1987-90</u>	<u>2003-05</u>
<b>Summer Survival</b>	<b>65%</b>	<b>31%</b>
<b>Winter Survival</b>	<b>72%</b>	<b>90%</b>
<b>Annual Survival</b>	<b>43%</b>	<b>22%</b>

Singer, F.J. A. Harting, K.K. Symonds, and M.B. Coughenour. 1997. Density dependence, compensation, and environmental effects on elk calf mortality in Yellowstone National Park. *Journal of Wildlife Management* 61:12-25.

Barber-Meyer, et al. 2008. Elk calf survival and mortality following wolf restoration to Yellowstone National Park. *Wildlife Monographs* 169.

n= 127 radio marked calves 1987-90  
n=152 radio marked calves 2003-05

# Predation on Elk YNP

## Wolf Prey Selection 1995-2000

**90% Elk**

**43% Calves (+)**

**28% Cows (-)**

**21% Bulls (=)**





# Predation on Elk YNP

## Wolf Prey Selection

**1995-2000**

**90% Elk**

**43% Calves (+)**

**28% Cows (-)**

**21% Bulls (=)**

## Wolf Prey Selection

**2007**

**84% Elk**

**21% Calves**

**29% Cows**

**41% Bulls**

## Yellowstone National Park



**2000-2004**

**Cows (1-15 yrs) 83%**

**All Cows (1-18 yrs) 80%**

### **Cause Specific Annual Mortality**

**Hunting 8%**

**Predation – Wolves 7%**

**Predation – Bear/Lion/Unknown 2%**

n= 85 radio collared cows 2000-2004

# Radio-Collared Elk Deaths to Date

## 19 total

**10 hunter kills**  
**(7 non-migratory, 3 migratory)**

**3-6 probable wounding losses**  
**(2 non-migratory, 1 migratory)**

**3-6 unknown**  
**(non-hunting related)**



# Adult Cow Survival

## Clarks Fork Elk

### Annual Survival

2007

2008

**Non-Migratory**

**78%**

**87%**

**Migratory**

**77%**

**93%**

### Cause Specific Annual Mortality

**Non-Migratory**

**Hunting**

**19%**

**11%**

**Non-Hunting**

**4%**

**3%**

**Migratory**

**Hunting**

**17%**

**0-7%?**

**Non-Hunting**

**4%**

**0-7%?**

n=47 non-migratory radio collared cows

n=48 migratory radio collared cows



# Adult Cow Mortality



## Clarks Fork

	<u>YNP</u>	<u>Non-Mig</u>	<u>Mig</u>
<b>Hunting</b>	<b>8%</b>	<b>11-19%</b>	<b>0-18%</b>
<b>Non-Hunting</b>	<b>11%</b>	<b>3-4%</b>	<b>0-7%</b>
<b>Survival (without hunting)</b>	<b>89%</b>	<b>96-97%</b>	<b>93-96%</b>



## Migratory Elk -Vital Rates

65% Pregnancy

20% Calf Survival

85% Yrlg Survival

96% Adult Female Survival

**<1% Growth Rate**



## Non-Migratory Elk -Vital Rates

90% Pregnancy

40% Calf Survival

85% Yrlg Survival

96% Adult Female Survival

**10% Growth Rate**

# **Contributors/Cooperators**

**Wyoming Game & Fish Department**

**University of Wyoming**

**U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service**

**U.S.D.A. Wildlife Services**

**Wyoming Animal Damage Management Board**

**Rocky Mountain Elk Foundation**

**Sportsmen for Fish & Wildlife – Bighorn Basin Chapter**

**Shoshone National Forest**

**Boone & Crockett Club**

**Safari Club International**

**Frank & Nanitta Pachmayr Foundation**

**Wyoming Governors Big Game License Coalition**

**Bowhunters of Wyoming**

**Pope & Young Club**

**Safari Club International – Montana Chapter**

**Wildlife Heritage Foundation of Wyoming**

**Cody Country Outfitter & Guides Association**